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MARGINAL COLUMN

By ARTHUR SAUL SUPER

THE great philosopher and jurist Maimonides once said that the world is very delicately balanced between good and evil to the extent that one evil deed by one person might be sufficient to plunge the whole world into destruction and one good deed by one person might just as easily turn the balance to deliverance of mankind. The thought comes to mind when one contemplates the formation of a committee for the protection of Israel art and culture. This body has already approached the Government and the Knesset for legislation to control the "importation" of foreign art and culture.

WHAT are the motives that impel the members of this committee? We are told that the country is being swamped by the importation of low-brow shows, variety acts, crooners, dancers and other diversions which foster debased cultural standards among the masses; that these are driving the productions of Israel artists and writers off the stage; that the importation of cheap books of a low literary and moral standard are competing with the product of Israel writers and, like the famous currency of Gresham, the bad is driving out the good. One has to ask if this is true, and if it is, would a law do anything about it? Is the cultural world of Israel so delicately balanced in its choice between the foreign importation and the local production that it will be redeemed by the passage of such a law and will be utterly lost if this prop is not given it by the legislature?

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THE outcry about foreign book importations is not new. It was raised in a loud and angry manner when the I.M.G. scheme first came into operation some years ago. Yet the flood of foreign books did not prevent the historical novel of one of the moving spirits in the present agitation from becoming an unprecedented best seller in Israel. It might indeed be argued that the spate of bad historical novels among the importation was indirectly responsible in part for the success of a reasonable one written in Hebrew in Israel. The cultural choice of everyone is largely a matter of taste and cannot be ruled and controlled by legislation. It certainly cannot be directed and channelled by restriction. The public will react to foreign importations as it is already predisposed to react and a controlled importation which does not give the lowbrow what he wants will only cause him to seek possibly poorer diversions among rubbish manufactured at home with an even more rapid degredation of general standards.

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IT is questionable whether the present generation, even the general body of Israel artists and writers, is sufficiently cosmopolitan and urbane to be the arbiters of taste for a whole nation. Until Israel art and letters and culture have won an undisputed place for themselves in the world arena it must not avoid the free impact of every influence from abroad, good or bad. When it has done so, it will accept the admixture of foreign books and plays to local products as a valuable catalyst. It would be dangerous and indefensible if the nation as a whole were to be dragooned as regards what it can read and see and hear by the ephemeral prejudices of this or that ruling coterie in the arts or letters at any particular time.

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IN general these cultural imports, the attitude to which has troubled thinking people in other countries than Israel, find their own level and their own deserved fate. If they are too highbrow, they then encounter their due martyrdom of neglect and financial failure. If they are too poor even from the lowbrow point of view, they suffer a similar fate; as many well boosted acts which have failed to appeal to the Israel public have shown. Who is to make the rods of cultural measurement? No two critics or professors of aesthetics will agree on a set of standards. If there is any constant it is that possessed by the often unjustly reviled impresario — financial success. He has a rigid and unyielding financial rule to control him. His is the only near-cultural sphere in which democracy really rules. Perhaps the taste of the people as a whole is one which makes sensitive souls writhe and suffer; but it would not be elevated by compulsion even if some means of applying that compulsion could be envisaged.

Tel Aviv, July 15.

U.S. Rejects Soviet Request for Trade

WASHINGTON (UPI).—President Eisenhower on Monday rejected Premier Nikita Khrushchev's June 2 proposal for expanded East-West trade and a U.S. Government loan to finance it. The President suggested that the Russians try to do more business with private American firms, and seek normal commercial credit terms.

The President escorted to his plane at Lydda Airport Monday for his flight to Holland by the Acting President, the Prime Minister and the Chief-of-Staff. The President's aide de camp is behind him. Officer cadets present arms. Photo by Rosenblum

President Arrives in Holland

By PAUL KOHN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA AIRPORT.—The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi flew at 10 o'clock Monday for an eight-day visit to Holland, Belgium and Switzerland. They were seen off by a large gathering of official well-wishers and hundreds of cheering and waving citizens who crowded the airport terraces.

The Presidential entourage included his Aide-de-Camp, Sgan-Aluf Yosef Carmel, and Mr. Walter Eytan, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry. The group flew in the gleaming blue and silver El Al Britannia 4X-AGB, and seven-and-a-half hours later landed at Schiphol Airport, Amsterdam.

(There they were welcomed by the Chief Master of Ceremonies of the Dutch Royal Household, the Prime Minister, Dr. Willem Drees, and the Chief of Protocol of the Foreign Office, Reuter reports.

(Both the President and Mr. Eytan refused to be drawn into a discussion of the Iraqi coup. (The President said, however, he did not think there was any chance of his having to cut short his visit to Holland and Belgium even if matters became worse in Iraq.

(While in Amsterdam, the President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi will stay at the residence of the Israel Ambassador, Mr. Hanan Cidor.)

The airliner with its 60 other passengers continued on its regular flight to London and New York. El Al had offered a special plane for the flight but the President preferred to travel on a normal scheduled flight.

The airport has never before appeared so spick and span nor had it welcomed so many high-ranking visitors at one time. Present were the Acting President, Mr. Yosef Sprinzak, the Prime Minister, in a light suit and open-necked shirt, beaming and acknowledging many greetings, other Cabinet members; M.K.s, the Chief-of-Staff and senior officers, the President of the Supreme Court, the Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, the French Ambassador, who is doyen of the Diplomatic Corps; the diplomatic representatives of Holland, Belgium and Switzerland, and other Ambassadors and Ministers, the Inspector General of Police, and the Deputy Chief of Protocol.

Flags and Whitewash

By eight o'clock the military guard of honour, comprising officer cadets, the first rank of whom were all red-bereted paratroopers, had taken its position on the runway. A group of sergeant majors carried the standards of various military units.

The whole airport was bedecked with flags and every traffic sign in the compound was freshly whitewashed.

Twenty minutes before taking-off time, the President ar-

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 2)

De Gaulle Reviews Mass Navy Show

TOULON. — Premier de Gaulle on Monday reviewed the biggest show of French naval power since the war.

More than 40 of the French navy's ships, from the 35,000 ton battleship Jean Bart to supply vessels, were drawn up off Toulon for the review, the first ever to be held on Bastille Day.

After inspecting the Jean Bart at anchor in the harbour, General de Gaulle reviewed the ships from aboard the fast fleet destroyer Kersaint, which took part in the Suez Campaign.

During the hour-long review, helicopters from the aircraft carrier La Fayette hovered over the Kersaint, and Corsair fighters of the French naval air arm and Mysteres of the air force screamed overhead.

In Paris, hundreds of thousands gathered along the Champs Elysees to pay tribute to the French army in Bastille Day ceremonies that also symbolized the country's determination to hang on to Algeria.

General de Gaulle inspected the 15,000 troops stretching down the avenue from the Arch of Triumph.

After watching nearly three miles of tanks, artillery and halftracks, the crowd went wild when the famed paratroopers marched past dressed in camouflage uniform.

President Rene Coty was in the viewing stand and he was flanked by General Raoul Salan, Supreme Commander in Algeria, and General Jacques Massu.

On Sunday evening, General de Gaulle sent a "Salute to brave Algeria" when he addressed 6,000 Moslem ex-servicemen and youths brought there to take part in Bastille Day festivities in Paris. *(Reuter, UPI)*

Paris Names Consular Agent in Eilat

Jerusalem Post Reporter

EILAT. — Mr. Nahum Peleg, Cultural Officer and Public Relations Officer of the Eilat Local Council, has been named Honorary Consular Agent of France in this town. The appointment was formally announced by M. Pierre Gilbert, Ambassador of France to Israel, at a Bastille Day ceremony in Jaffa on Monday.

It is noted that about one quarter of Eilat's residents have retained French citizenship, and that there is continuous maritime traffic between Eilat and French Somaliland and Madagascar.

Mapai M.K.'s Differ on Jewish Nationality in Resumed Debate

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Mapai speakers who participated in the Knesset debate Monday on the Cabinet crisis, expressed quite different views on the question of "who is a Jew."

Mr. Yisrael Yeshayahu took a position practically identical with that of the National Religious Party.

But Mr. Yeshayahu thought that circumcision for the sons of non-Jewish mothers was not all that was needed. Another step should be taken: girls should be required to undergo the immersion which is part of the ritual of proselytization. In any case, he felt that the latest proposal of Mr. Ben-Gurion represented an honourable solution to the problem, and he hoped it would be accepted.

Where both parents of a mixed marriage want their child to be Jewish, was it conceivable that this not be done in accordance with the traditional act of proselytization?, Mr. Yeshayahu asked.

But he charged the National Religious Party with trying to make political capital of the crisis, and of having complicated the issue out of partisan motives.

Problem of Catastrophe

The second Mapai speaker, Mr. Herzl Berger, said that no one was very comfortable about the arrival of mixed-marriage families, but they were a result of the catastrophe that had taken place in our generation.

After every national calamity, the same problem had arisen, Mr. Berger said: how to absorb into Judaism the Gentiles who had come to it as a result of the catastrophe. And how could their desire to be Jews be called mere lip-service, he asked. Many of them had undergone trials under Hitler never faced by many of our people who were born into Judaism.

Was it "preserving national unity" when the Orthodox refused to recognize proselytization performed by a Reform rabbi? Mr. Berger asked.

Rabbi Itzhak Meir Levin (Agudat Yisrael) called the present situation only one indication of the spiritual crisis confronting the nation. He ridiculed the argument that Judaism was once the link that bound the Jewish people, but that it had outgrown this function. Without the Torah, there was no State of Israel, he said.

Mr. Shmuel Mikunis (Communist) said the nation was indifferent to the entire issue. The real struggle was not between the religious and the non-religious, but between the productive workers and parasitic exploiters.

Mr. Ishar Harari (Progressive) felt that if the Sages of old were alive today they would undoubtedly say: Anyone who was good enough to be a candidate for the gas chambers is good enough to be a Jew. Of course it was preferable that the child of a mixed marriage undergo proselytization, even if both parents declared that he is Jewish. But must we examine each case? Mr. Harari asked.

Rokach's Rules

Mr. Israel Rokach (General Zionist) declared that the directives issued when he was Minister of Interior (and which have been often referred to in the present debate by Mr. Bar-Yehuda) dealt with citizenship only, and not with nationality or religion.

He said that the six pages of directives issued by Mr. Bar-Yehuda in March constituted "a veritable constitution," and should have been brought to the Knesset as a draft law.

Mr. Rokach did not know why such a fuss was being made about "this simple procedure" of proselytization. If a non-Jew was prepared to accept the yoke of being a Jew, why should he balk at this?

Dr. Arye Altman (Herut) insisted that there could be no separation between Jewish religion and nationality. Any "operation" which intended to produce such a separation would be both artificial and dangerous.

The debate is scheduled to be concluded Tuesday afternoon (today).

See Local Crisis Must End

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Events in Iraq had a twofold effect on the Israel Cabinet crisis.

On the one hand, they led to a general feeling that national unity was more essential than ever. On the other hand, the Prime Minister was too occupied elsewhere for the expected meeting with the National Religious Party leaders.

At a meeting of the Mapai Secretariat and Knesset faction which broke up early Monday morning, Mr. Ben-Gurion was requested to resume negotiations on the basis of the proposal that the son of a non-Jewish mother be registered as Jewish only after undergoing circumcision.

It is learned that both the Ahdut Ha'avoda and Mapam Knesset factions have agreed to accept a temporary solution to the registration debate in order that the Cabinet may be united in seeking a stand for pressing foreign problems.

Mr. Michael Chazani (National Religious) approached leaders of the four Coalition parties to suggest that, in view of events abroad, no final decision on the registration of personal status be taken at this time. The procedure followed prior to the Bar-Yehuda directives of March would be restored, but without prejudice to the reopening of the entire question in the future.

Baghdad Junta Proclaims Pro-Nasser Republic; Abdul-Illah Killed; Jordan Says Loyalists March

Jordan Claims Loyalist Troops Marching on Baghdad

Jordan Radio reported Monday night that loyalist forces are marching on Baghdad to "smash" the day-old rebellion.

The broadcast from the Old City of Jerusalem, monitored by UPI in Teheran, reported that King Hussein, acting ruler of the Jordan-Iraq Arab Union, is taking "positive and effective steps" against the military junta that seized power at dawn.

With all normal communications to Iraq cut off, it was impossible to obtain independent confirmation of the existing situation.

But the Jordan Radio claimed at 1900 GMT that Iraqis in the capital and elsewhere "are fighting the revolutionaries who seek to destroy the independence, freedom and dignity of the people."

It said "popular forces" had in the afternoon allied with "pro-Government units" which started their march on Baghdad from the various sectors of Iraq to smash the revolutionary elements.

It said Hussein, at a series of meetings with his cabinet during the day, decided on the "positive and effective steps" to be taken for restoring the "legitimate government" in the "Iraqi sector of the Arab Union."

Hussein's Arab Legion is supported by an estimated 5,000 to 8,000 Iraqi troops which have been stationed in Jordan since the two kingdoms were federated.

It was also believed that important garrisons in Iraq itself might be remaining loyal to the federal regime.

Jordan Border Shut

Iraq has closed its frontier with Jordan, it was understood in Amman. All land, air and telephone communications with Iraq were suspended.

Baghdad Summit Talks Cancelled

ISTANBUL. — Leaders of the Baghdad Pact nations cancelled their Istanbul summit conference Monday after learning of the coup in Iraq and flew instead to Ankara for "informal" talks.

Many members of the Turkish Government and of the diplomatic corps here, including the Iraqi Ambassador, Najib al Rawi, learned of the coup as they waited at Istanbul Airport for the plane which was supposed to bring King Faisal and Prime Minister Nuri Said.

The Shah of Iran flew directly to Ankara from the French Riviera, after his aircraft received a message over the Mediterranean to make for Ankara instead of Istanbul. *(UPI, Reuter)*

B-G Confers With Lawson

POST Diplomatic Correspondent

Routine contact has been maintained by the Foreign Ministry with representatives of friendly powers over the Iraqi situation, and meetings were held in the Prime Minister's Office throughout Monday.

In the evening the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Edward Lawson, was invited to the Prime Minister's home in Jerusalem for an exchange of views on the situation.

The Foreign Minister left her home to join the discussions. While Mrs. Meir, who is recovering from a recent operation, is not expected to return to her office for another 10 days, she has been working at home.

There was no statement from official sources on events in Baghdad. The hesitancy to comment stemmed from the paucity of reliable information concerning what is happening and from the fluidity of the situation.

In the absence of Mr. Walter Eytan, who is accompanying the President on his visit overseas, Mr. Michael Comay is serving as Acting Director General of the Foreign Ministry.

The Herut Knesset faction yesterday demanded that the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee be convened to hear a report by the Minister of Defence on "the dangers in store for Israel following the pro-Nasser revolution in Iraq."

The faction also submitted an urgent motion for the agenda calling for a debate on the implications for Israel from the events in Iraq.

Cairo, Damascus Crow Over Coup

Abdul Nasser left Yugoslavia unexpectedly on Monday to return home 24 hours earlier than scheduled. The President of the United Arab Republic had been resting at Brioni following a tour of Yugoslavia.

In Cairo, national anthems of the Arab nations were played over the radio as the city celebrated the *coup d'etat* in Iraq.

The radio scrapped its scheduled programmes and re-broadcast the revolutionary announcements issued by Baghdad radio.

The leader of the rebels in Lebanon, Sa'eb Salim, welcomed the news of the coup, saying "Arab nationalism has won again in its original stronghold."

Radio Damascus said news of the revolution was received with joy. Former Syrian President El Kuwatly was quoted as saying: "We have been waiting for this event which is a continuation of the Arab struggle. The events have fulfilled the aims of the free people in the Arab world."

Fate of King and Nuri Not Yet Known

The pro-Western Iraqi regime headed by King Faisal II and Premier Nuri Said was overthrown Monday in a lightning coup d'etat by a group of pro-Nasser officers who proclaimed an Iraqi Republic. At midnight, Cairo Radio announced that the United Arab Republic had recognized the junta's regime. It said that Nasser had sent the Iraqi people "greetings from the peoples of Egypt and Syria."

An hour earlier, King Hussein of Jordan declared that loyalist Iraqi troops were marching on Baghdad to restore the lawful government.

King Faisal's uncle, Crown Prince Abdul-Illah, was murdered by the Baghdad mob and his body was hanged. The fate of the king and of Nuri, who headed the Arab Federation, was not known, but Foreign Minister Jamali is reported to have been slain.

King Hussein of Jordan, a partner with Iraq in the Arab Federation, Monday assumed the powers of the head of the Federation "in King Faisal's absence," and proclaimed himself Commander-in-Chief of the Federation's army.

Hussein also named General Habes el-Majali, Jordanian Chief of Staff, as Chief-of-Staff of the Arab Army. The Arab News Agency reported last night that all diplomatic missions in Amman have been notified that any contact with the Arab Federation Government should now be made through King Hussein.

Late Monday night, Baghdad Radio claimed that army regiments stationed throughout the country had sent messages of support announcing their allegiance to the new regime.

All the 12,000 Iraqi troops in Jordan have been ordered by the junta to withdraw and return to Iraq.

Third Division

The revolt was staged by officers of the Third Iraqi Division who seized the State Radio at dawn and proclaimed an "anti-imperialist Republic."

Deputy Prime Minister Colonel Aref told the crowds:

"The policy of the coup is that of justice and strength... The men who carried out the revolution are the men who were wounded in Palestine by imperialism and its supporters."

Martial Law was proclaimed in all parts of the country and a curfew was supposed to be in force from 13.00 Monday to 05.00 Tuesday. All judicial laws were annulled "until further notice."

One of the first measures taken by the new republican regime was to cable Abdul Nasser, President of the United Arab Republic, informing him that it took "great pride" in recognizing his republic.

Iraq had in the past cold-shouldered the United Arab Republic of Egypt and Syria. Nuri, an architect of the Baghdad Pact, formed his own Arab Federation with Jordan whose king is a cousin of King Faisal.

Baghdad Radio announced the revolt at 3.30 Israel time Monday morning. It declared: "This is the Republic of Iraq. This is your day of victory. This is your day of nationalism. Rejoice and be glad."

The Radio announced a decree abolishing the Monarchy and establishing a Republic. It said a three-man Council of Sovereignty had been established.

40 Officers Out

About 40 senior officers had been "retired." They include General Rafiq Arif, Chief-of-Staff of the Arab Army, and Air Force Commander Brigadier El-Abbadi.

The Sovereignty Council passed seven "Republican decrees," reorganizing Iraq's Government and administration, the radio said. These include the appointments of new Governors for the provinces.

The radio charged the people: "Get into the streets and see the body of the tyrant who was the enemy of God (Abdul-Illah means the Servant of God) being spat on by the people and kicked by their feet."

The Radio also said "He who should have gone to Istanbul (presumably Nuri Said) and his master are dead. You can see their bodies in the streets."

It called on the people to rejoice but warned them not to provoke foreign embassies "and thereby give an excuse to the imperialists."

Nevertheless, the Italian Government informed London that the British Embassy in Baghdad had been set afire by the mob.

A woman announcer urged Iraqi women: "Take your place in the fight beside the men in the streets." But a broadcast statement from the Council of Sovereignty called on citizens to return to their work and remain calm.

In London, Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd told the House of Commons that the British Embassy reported fighting around the Royal Palace in Baghdad. He said that a cable received from the British Ambassador in the Iraqi capital reported "considerable demonstrations" in the streets. He said the British Information Service and consular section building were surrounded by crowds and had been evacuated.

Normal cable communications between Baghdad and London were interrupted.

There was no news from the British garrison of more than 1,000 R.A.F. personnel manning a staging post and communications centre at Habbaniya, 100 kms. West of Baghdad. *(Reuter, UPI)*

The New Rulers

The three-man "Sovereignty Council" now ruling Iraq consists of General Najib Rabia (President), Mohammed Mahdi Kubbah and Al-Nakshabandi.

Kubbah was President of the Istiklal (Independence) Party which was dissolved by Nuri.

The following have been made Ministers of "the Republic of Iraq":

Premier & Defence — Abdul Karim Kassem.
Foreign Affairs — Brigadier Abdul Jabbar.
Finance — Muhammed Hadid.
Justice — Mustafa Ali.
Economy — Ibrahim Kubbah.
Public Works and Communications — Shabda Ali.
Reconstruction — Brigadier Fouad al Rekabi.
Health — Mohammed Saleh Mahmud.
Agriculture — Rashid Mahmud.
National Guidance — Saddiq Shanshal.

The new Prime Minister, Defence Minister and Chief-of-Staff has been identified as an Infantry Brigadier who fought in the Arab war against Israel in 1948. *(Reuter)*

COUP TIMED WELL

POST Political Correspondent

The Baghdad *putsch* appears here to have been prepared in detail. The broadcasting station was seized among the first objectives, because the rebels knew very well the value of the spoken word in the Middle East.

The timing was good. The *putsch* came at the time when the nominal head of the Hashemite federation was about to set off for Istanbul to discuss the possibility of armed intervention in Lebanon.

It is still possible that the Iraq rebellion is an act only of a division stationed in Baghdad, and that troops elsewhere may have remained loyal to the King. This will no doubt become clear in a day or two. However, one is inclined to believe that officers outside Baghdad would soon be won over by the rebels.

Major-General Mohammed Nagib Al-Rabi'yi, who has been proclaimed Chairman of the Supreme Council which will assume the sovereignty of Iraq until a president is elected, holds the post of Iraqi Ambassador in Saudi-Arabia.

On Monday morning the Damascus radio already broadcast a call to Iraqi airmen who are at present in Lebanon to join their brothers in Baghdad.

'Le Monde': West Must Help Safeguard Israel

By MAURICE CARR
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — "France, Britain and the U.S. are carrying out continuous consultations regarding Iraq," the Quai d'Orsay spokesman stated Monday. He was unable to offer any immediate comment on the development which cast a deep shadow over July 14 celebrations.

"Le Monde" in an editorial blamed the Western debacle in the Middle East on the U.S. and Britain. "The Iraqi revolution puts Washington and London in the position where they must face up to their responsibilities," the paper added.

"Either they will try thoroughly to revise their Middle East conceptions, or tomorrow will bring to them — and to their allies — a sinister fate in the Arab world."

Nasserism's latest major victory is bound to encourage extremist pan-Arabism throughout the Orient and possibly compromising General de Gaulle's epic efforts to establish peace with justice in Algeria and win over the Moghreb as a whole, the paper said. None better than the French leaders understand the vital importance — the life and death necessity — of concentrated and concrete Western action to safeguard Israel which stands next in line to the pan-Arab tornado sweeping the Middle East.

U.K. Considering Lebanese Appeal to West for Troops

LONDON (Reuter). — The British Cabinet meeting in emergency session Monday night considered an urgent appeal from President Camille Chamoun of the Lebanon for the despatch of troops to seal its frontier with Syria, according to a usually well-informed source.

The source said the appeal, also addressed to the U.S. and France, was made in the light of the revolt in Iraq.

The Cabinet meeting was called by Prime Minister Harold Macmillan after preliminary talks with key ministers.

Usually well-informed sources said that Ministers considered the critical situation in Iraq, where the British Embassy was reported to have been ransacked and burned.

The British Embassy in Beirut announced that it was advising all British families to leave in view of the uncertain situation.

Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd conferred with Mr. Macmillan earlier in the day and then received Mr. Awni Khalidi, Baghdad Pact Secretary-General, at the Foreign Office, the Foreign Office Spokesman told a crowded press conference.

Mr. Khalidi came to London last week to make preparations for the forthcoming session of the Baghdad Pact Council.

Asked by a correspondent whether because of today's reports from Iraq it was planned to hold the Baghdad Pact Council session on July 28, the spokesman said, "I know of no alteration of this plan."

British Middle East service chiefs held a number of meetings at combined headquarters at Episcopi, Cyprus, on Monday to consider latest reports on the Iraqi revolt from Baghdad and London.

OLD CITY CALM

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Reports from the Old City of Jerusalem said on Monday evening that the residents were in the main calm, spending their time clustered around radios to hear the latest news from Baghdad.

Mandelbaum Gate remained open as usual, and tourists came through to Israel without any hitch.

A run on kerosene and benzene was felt, as usually occurs during times of crisis, but shops remained open. A few queues were unruly and some windows were broken, but the general atmosphere was one of control.

The few companies of Iraqi troops stationed in the Jordan desert have not so far declared for the military junta and are apparently loyal to the Hashemites.

Ike Asks for U.N. Session Today

WASHINGTON. — President Eisenhower Monday called for an emergency meeting of the U.N. Security Council on Tuesday morning (today) to consider the Middle East situation.

Earlier, the President had called a meeting of top political leaders in Congress at the White House Monday to discuss the Middle East crisis, it was officially announced. Chief military and intelligence advisors were called into the White House shortly after the conference began.

Officials here were worried as to what might be in store for Jordan and Saudi Arabia, in the light of the Baghdad happenings. They recalled that King Hussein of Jordan was reported a fortnight ago to have foiled a plot to assassinate him. They now suspect that this may have upset plans to stage a simultaneous revolt in Jordan and Iraq.

A move by the U.S. Government to halt delivery of arms and munitions en route to Iraq was announced. Only a few weeks ago the State Department announced a supply of jet planes and arms to Iraq.

After the White House meeting Senator Theodore Green, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, told reporters that no decisions were taken.

Mr. Green said that the situation in the Middle East was serious. "We should live up to our agreements and commitments," added the Senator without identifying the commitments he had in mind.

Earlier, President Eisenhower held an urgent and prolonged conference with Secretary of State Dulles and Vice-President Richard Nixon.

The White House Spokesman, Mr. James Hagerty, said the meeting lasted for more than an hour. He said it was attended also by senior State Department Middle East experts.

The President had previously taken the chair at a meeting of the National Security Council, the top policy making body in defence and foreign policy matters.

Cyprus Under Total Curfew

NICOSIA (Reuter). — The Cyprus Government Monday ordered a complete curfew on the strife-torn island for 48 hours.

Nevertheless, four more persons — two Greek and two Turkish Cypriots—were slain. Two of them fell victim in the short period the curfew was lifted to enable the population to shop.

An order issued early in the morning, after a week-end of violence in which 14 persons were killed, imposed house curfews in all main towns for 48 hours, banned all road traffic and told everyone to stay at home until further notice.

The order, signed by the Governor, Sir Hugh Foot, said that maximum security patrols would be launched in all areas, particularly in rural districts. The only exceptions to the order are people on essential service.

The Governor's decision was reached after an early morning conference with military heads who ordered troops out all over the island.

The Governor told the people of the island in an evening broadcast: "There will be no hesitation in dealing with anyone who is mad enough to wish to plunge Cyprus into civil war."

29 Killed

Last week was one of unprecedented violence in which 29 persons died — seven of them killed Sunday alone — amid mounting threats of reprisal.

Greek Cypriot sources said EOKA had advised its rank and file that every Greek killed by Turks must be avenged.

Mr. Rauf Denktash, Turkish leader, said after an early morning telephone conversation with the Governor that he had cabled the British Prime Minister, Mr. Harold Macmillan, that "the responsibility for all bloodshed today rests on you." Mr. Denktash told Mr. Macmillan that EOKA had killed eight Turks in the past six hours, (official figures said five Turks were killed) and appealed for Britain to enforce partition.

From London it is reported that a Greek Cypriot, Peter Kimonedes, a dealer, was taken to hospital Sunday night, suffering from a wound in his foot, believed to have been caused by a shot from a passing car.

Sharp Drop in Oil Shares

British Petroleum oil shares dropped sharply both in New York and in London on Monday, shortly after news of the revolution in Iraq filtered through.

The selling in oil shares was heavy and included most companies. Losses ranged in two points or more in Royal Dutch and a point or two in most other companies.

British Petroleum has an interest in the Iraq Petroleum Company Ltd., which operates the oil concessions in that country. In London the shares dropped 11/6 with a total fall of more than £50m.

The prices of other shares were normal and trading moderate. *(UPI, INA)*

Social & Personal

The French Ambassador, M. P. Gilbert, held a reception at his home in Jaffa on Monday to mark Bastille Day. Among those present were Cabinet Ministers, Messrs. Sapir, Carmel, Barzilai, Shitrit and Bentov; members of the Diplomatic Corps; the Chief Rabbi of Tel Aviv; church dignitaries; the Director General of the Ministry of Defence and the O.C. of the Air Force.

Many guests attended a cocktail party given by the French Consul General, M. Andre Favereau, at his residence in Jerusalem on Monday night. Among the guests were the Chief of the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization, Gen. Carl von Horn; the Apostolic Delegate to Israel and other members of the Diplomatic Corps; Chief Rabbi I. H. Herzog; Mayor Agron of Jerusalem; the Jerusalem District Representative, Mr. S. B. Yeshaya; the Custos of Terra Sancta College; and many other friends of France.

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Judge Kenneth Oka, Mayor of Miami Beach, was on Monday received by Mayor David Touviahu of Beersheba.

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Mr. Richard Tucker, the New York Metropolitan Opera tenor, has been touring the country as guest of the Histadrut. In Safad, he and Mrs. Tucker were received by the Mayor. When they visited the Histadrut Executive in Tel Aviv, Mr. and Mrs. Tucker were received by Mr. I. Hamlin.

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Rabbi Joachim Prinz, President of the American Jewish Congress, on Monday visited the Negev accompanied by Mr. S. Yalon, Deputy Director of the Ministry of Development.

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Members of a "People to People" delegation from the U.S., led by Mrs. Frances Humphrey Howard, Executive Director of the U.N. Association of Maryland, visited the Hebrew University on Monday.

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Dr. Anna Weizmann, of the Weizmann Institute's Organic Chemistry Department, has left Rehovot on her sabbatical leave, which she will spend in research in Prof. Tadeusz Reichstein's Department of Chemistry at the University of Basle.

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Prof. F. Sagher, Head of the Dermatology Department in the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, has been elected a corresponding member of the American Dermatological Association, the foremost association of its kind in the world.

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Mrs. Ella Wohl, Vice-Chairman, National Youth Aliya Committee of Hadassah, U.S.A., has arrived in Israel on a ten-day official visit.

•

Mr. Ya'akov Malis, formerly of the Research Department of the Bank of Israel, and chief statistician of Zim, has been appointed Economic Adviser to the Ministry of Transport.

•

Twenty Directors of the Hillel Foundation in the U.S. and their wives visited the University of Tel Aviv's School of Law and Economics on Sunday.

•

Dr. Henry Colcher, Associate in Medicine, Columbia University, New York, will lecture on "Dumping Syndrome" under the joint auspices of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, the Hadassah Medical Organization and the Israel Medical Association at 7.45 p.m., Tuesday in Lecture Hall A, the Medical School.

BIRTH

ZEVADI — To Lise (nee Wolff) and Rav Seren Daniel Zevadi — a son, brother to Micky.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

A memorial service will be held for Dr. S. Lehmann at 5.30 p.m. today (Tuesday) at the Ben Shemen Children's Village. An Egged bus will leave at 5.10 p.m. from Lydda and immediately after the service return to Lydda and Tel Aviv. Friends and relatives of the deceased are invited.

YUVAL ALSO MINISTER TO NEW ZEALAND

Mr. Moshe Yuval has been appointed Minister of Israel to New Zealand. Mr. Yuval is also Minister-designate of Israel to Australia.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Batish, 8 Straus, 2911.

TEL AVIV: Abramski, 42 Allenby, 5526. Nordau, 183 Ben Yehuda, 25873. Zeidner, 51 Ahad Ha'am, 5851. Moshkevitz, 25 King George, 62650. **JAFFA:** Galinka, 19 Rehov 4, 89420. **RAMAT GAN:** Garamsa, 50 Bialik, 72273. **PETAH TIKVA:** Briut, 13 Hovevei Zion. **REHOVOT:** Burk, 155 Herzl, 95,1566. **NATANYA:** Hamagen. **RISHON LEZION:** Karlan. **HOLON:** Tikva, Struma Sq.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Gruenwald, 22 Bin Nun, 62063. Dr. Gal, 24 Hashayarot, Katamon, 1892. Dr. Sherr, 45 Rashi.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Har Even, 35 Schenkin, 25411. **HOLON:** Dr. Dukur, Tel Giborim, Shikun Amami 12A.

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Opera House
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Air-conditioned
Tonight, July 15, at 8
F A U S T
Wed., July 16,
at 8.30 p.m.
DON PASQUALE
Sat., July 19, at 9 p.m.
FAUST
Sun., July 20, at 8.30 p.m.
FESTIVAL BALLET
Tickets at the box office (10-1; 4-6). Tel. 27703.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
July 15, 1958

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Criminal Appeal

Before the Deputy President (Justice Cheshin) Justices Silberg and Witkon.

The Attorney-General v. Avraham Klieman (Cr.A. 72/58).

Driver Guilty of Reversing Carelessly

The Supreme Court allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Haifa District Court delivered on January 23, 1958, (in Cr.C. 219/57).

The respondent, Avraham Klieman, was driving a garbage truck in a street in Hadera at 6.45 one morning. While the four labourers who accompanied the truck were busy collecting garbage, Klieman spotted a dustbin a little distance behind him. He backed up his truck in order to draw level with the bin and in so doing ran over an aged pedlar wheeling his barrow, killing him on the spot.

The truck was large, high and enclosed, offering the driver no possibility whatsoever of seeing what was going on directly behind him through the mirror above his steering wheel, and very little scope for seeing what was directly behind him through the mirror on the left side of the truck. In addition, all vision on the right side of the truck was completely obscured, there having been no outside mirror on that side.

Klieman was charged in the Haifa District Court with causing the pedlar's death through carelessness, an offence under section 218 of the Criminal Code Ordinance. He testified that before reversing he had stood on the left-hand step of the truck and looked back and had also walked to the back of the truck to see if there was anyone there. This latter testimony was not contained in his statement to the police immediately after the accident, but Judge Slonim of the Haifa District Court held that even had he not walked to the back of the truck, he would not have been guilty of carelessness. He accordingly acquitted him.

The Attorney-General appealed against the acquittal.

Mr. Bach, Deputy State Attorney, appeared for the appellant and Mr. Gordon for the respondent.

Judgment

Justice Witkon, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, said that it was clear that the court had to presume that the version most favourable to the respondent — namely, that he had got down from the driver's cabin and examined the area behind the truck — was the correct one. For if the respondent had not taken this precaution, then he would indubitably have been guilty of carelessness under section 218, the fact that the deceased might have been guilty of contributory negligence being neither here nor there in a criminal case.

But, Justice Witkon continued, even on the presumption that the respondent had examined the area behind the truck, he had been guilty of carelessness. For if the old man had been in the path of the danger and he had not seen him, then he had certainly been careless. And if the old man had not been there at the moment he looked but had appeared in the path of the danger a few seconds later from the respondent's blind side, then the respondent had obviously had no possibility of knowing whether anyone would not appear on the street during those few seconds it took him to return to his seat and start up the truck, and he should not have reversed blindly, without assistance, in the face of this prospect.

The circumstances in the present case were such, Justice Witkon continued, that they could be distinguished from other cases in which the Supreme Court had found drivers not guilty of carelessness although they had caused accidents in the process of reversing their vehicles. For in the present case the construction of the truck was such that the respondent not only was denied all opportunity of seeing what was going on immediately behind him once he was in the driver's seat, but could also not see what was happening on the right side of the truck, whence some one might have appeared without his knowledge during the time it took him to get back into his seat after inspecting the area at the back of the truck.

He did not wish to imply, Justice Witkon held, that all driving in reverse, without someone to guide the driver, is careless or that the responsibility of a driver who reverses is absolute. But in circumstances such as those in the present case it is essential that a driver take special precautions — which the respondent had not done. He had therefore been guilty of causing the pedlar's death by an act of carelessness.

Appeal allowed and case returned to the District Court for delivery of the sentence.

Judgment given on July 8, 1958.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
582, 249, 25.3 & 41.7 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 & 7.58 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 1.45 p.m. **French:** 2.00 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.47 Musical Clock (R).

11.00 a.m. Daily Broadcast from Asor Exhibition. 12.00 Lunchtime Music — Tino Rossi (Vocalist). 12.50 Semprini (Piano). 1.00 Oriental Songs.

4.30 p.m. News Summaries in English, Swedish & Spanish. 5.05 Popular Songs & Melodies. 5.30 Torah Lesson, by Dr. Nehama Leibowitz. 5.30 Musical Miniatures. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Pre-Classical Music — Six Chansons for Choir (Clement Jannequin). 6.50 On Our Broadcasting Service. 7.17 "We Present Tonight." 7.20 This Week at the U.N. 7.35 "Noah's Ark." 8.15 Concert by "La Maitrise" — Conductor: Jacques Jouineau — Concerto in G for String Orchestra (Francesco Durante); Songs — Cappella (De Sermizy, Le Jeune & Manuel); Excerpts from "Stabat Mater" (Pergolesi). 8.55 Bible Reading: Daniel, Chap. 4. 9.15 Concert contd. "Salut Printemps"; Prelude "L'Apres midi d'un Faun"; "Noel des enfants qui n'ont plus de maison (Debussy); Hungaria Folk Songs (Bartok); Overture "Russlan & Ludmilla" (Glinka); Album a Colorier (J. Abeil); 10.15 Poetry. 10.30 Light Music.

SECOND PROGRAMME
482, 460, 202.7, 41.7 & 25.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.00 Contemporary Music—Lyric Suite for String Quartet (Alban Berg). 6.30 Mishna Lesson. 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News (From 1st Programme). 9.15 Rumanian. 9.45 Polish. 10.00 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
407 & 41.07 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30—7.15 a.m. 1.15—2.15 and 5.30—9.45 p.m. 5.15 p.m. Persian.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.30 News. 6.40 Topical Talk — Michael Comay. 6.45 "Around & About." 6.55 Hebrew Corner. Programme to the U.K.: 11.15 News. 11.25 Topical Talk — Michael Comay. 11.30 Asor Celebrations: World Conference of Jewish Teachers.

ARMY PROGRAMME (48.4, 216, 225 & 235 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.33 Songs. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Bow & Arrow." 7.35 "Noah's Ark" (Kol Yisrael). 8.15 The Weavers Troupe at Carnegie Hall. 9.00 News. 9.15 Soldier's Library. 10.00 Dance Music.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.90, 16.84 & 24.80 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Talk. "Mid-Week Magazine."

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 495 M.): 12.30 Midday Melodies. 4.30 Teatime Music. 7.15 Ballet Music. 10.00 "The Prince of the Pagodas." 10.30 Dance Music.

Star-Studded I.P.O. Season Scheduled

Dimitri Mitropoulos has decided to accept the invitation of the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra to return for a further concert series, Mr. Zvi Haftel, of the management, has told *The Jerusalem Post*. Before his current visit Mr. Mitropoulos was reluctant to make any promise for the future. Plans for the 1958-9 season were meanwhile completed without including him.

The orchestra's management is now gladly re-shuffling the schedule in order to fit in Mr. Mitropoulos' two-month stay. He will again wind up the season. It is understood that he will also be willing to make some recordings with the I.P.O.

The end of July will bring a well-deserved vacation for the musicians — after having played before an estimated 50,000 persons in Tel Aviv, Jerusalem and Haifa this month.

They will cut down their usual two-month holiday by a week this summer in order to welcome Artur Rubinstein. He is due here on September 25, to start off the season during which he will perform 15 piano concertos.

From Bucharest

The schedule right through the season, from Rubinstein to Mitropoulos, reads like a Who's Who of musicians. Among them will be the Rumanian conductor Silvestri, of the Bucharest Symphony Orchestra. He has been widely acclaimed by critics in both Eastern and Western Europe, and will be the first from an Eastern European country to conduct the I.P.O.

Other conductors scheduled for the coming season are Josef Krips; Jean Fourner, conductor of the Paris State Opera; Eugene Ormandy, conductor of the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra; Charles Munch and Jean Martinu.

Mr. Martinu was here earlier this year on a five-day visit to make recordings with the orchestra for Decca. He is expected to stay here for a month next season, and conduct "Song of Songs," his oratorio for soloists, choir and orchestra. The Canadian tenor, Glenn Gould, is to appear in this work.

A two-month visit by Guilini, during which Verdi's "Requiem" and "Falstaff" will be performed, is another of the highlights of the coming season.

Menuhin Coming

The list of soloists is no less attractive than that of the conductors. Yehudi Menuhin is due to appear under the baton of Jean Fourner, and Isaac Stern with Charles Munch. The list of violinists is completed by Zino Francescatti. Connoisseurs will thus have an opportunity to appreciate the differences in style and interpretation of the three.

Baritone singer George London, and the well-known duo-pianists Lubishitz and Nemenoff will also be newcomers to the Israel concert platform. *M.D.*

Civil Servants Seek More Pay

TEL AVIV. — The Civil Servants Union will demand higher wages for members following salary rises for professionals in Government employ, it is learned here.

It is understood that the Union will await the new pay scales of engineers and other professionals before pressing its demands. They include changes in grades, greater differentiation in pay between one grade and another, and increases in seniority pay.

A national rally of grade six civil servants will be held to demand that their salaries be equalized with those of senior officials.

The Lucky Winner of the Avnal-Suliatan Contest

Mr. Yaakov Lifshitz of 81 Rehov Modi'in, Ramat Gan, won the AMCOR refrigerator in the competition held amongst purchasers of shoes with Suliatan soles and heels at Avnal stores throughout the country. Pictured above, left to right: Mr. Y. Malbaum, Avnal agent in Ramat Gan; the winner, Mr. Lifshitz; and Mr. M. Forshirm, Sales Manager of Suliatan.

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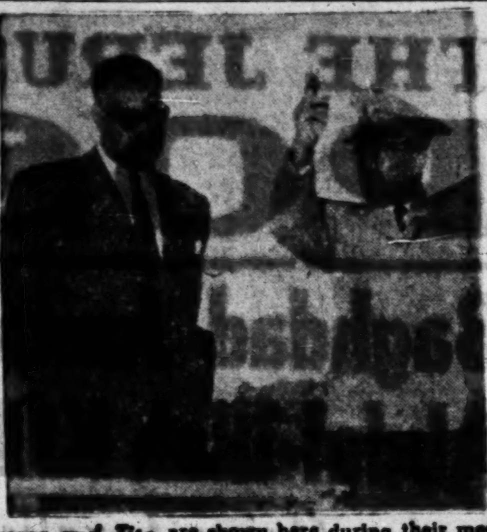
for quality and full value

Suliatan
Three times as strong



Nasser and Tito are shown here during their meeting in Yugoslavia which ended yesterday, 24 hours earlier than planned, when the Egyptian dictator returned home because of the Iraqi situation.

(Express Photo)

Jews on Algiers Governing Body

ALGIERS. — Two Jews, M. Maurice Belicha and M. Elie Benchetrit, are among the members of a Special Commission appointed to administer the city of Algiers, following the resignation of the Mayor, M. Jacques Chevalier, says a report from the World Jewish Congress North African office.

The two Jewish members are part of the contingent of "French descent" in the Commission, on which an equal number of French Moslems is represented.

General Massu, Prefect of Algiers, who installed the Commission, stressed that it was "a non-political body, representing many social, professional and religious sections, appointed to deal with the business of the city."

M. Belicha's former activities as President of the Jewish Consistory were mentioned by the French Radio and Television network in Algiers when reporting on the Commission's installation. *(W.J.A.)*

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: The Female Animal. Mats.: All Mine to Give.
EDEN: Raising a Riot.
TEL-OR: Ich und Meine Frau.
ORION: The Bolshoi Ballet.
ORNA: The Enemy Below.
RON: 3.10 To Yuma. Mats.: Inspector General.
OR GIL: Paris Palace Hotel.
ZION HALL: Funny Face.
EDISON: Godzilla.
STUDIO: Good Morning, Miss Dove.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: The Goldwyn Follies.
ARMON DAVID: Angst. Mats.: 1) Schneewittchen; 2) Rosenrot. In Hebrew.
CHEN: Ill met by Moonlight.
DAN: The Invisible Boy.
EDEN: Lahen el-Kheloed (Unforgettable Melody).
ESTHER: 7 Hills of Rome.
GAN RENA: Saddle the Wind.
GAT: Bel Ami.
MAXIM: The Green Man.
MIGDALOR: L'Ultima Notte d'Amore.
MOGRABI: Kitty und die Grosse Welt.
OPHIR: Le grand bluff.
ORION: Die Unentschuldigte Stunde.
PEER: Piccoli.
SHDEROTH: Hans Christian Andersen.
TAMAR: El Ultimo Cuple.
TCHELET: 6 Bridges to Cross.
TEL AVIV: The Young Lions (3.15, 6.45, 9.30).
YARON: Pardners.
ZAMIR: Hanka.
ZAFON: Le Notti di Cabiria.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: The Three Faces of Eve.
ORAH: Hannerl.
GAL OR: Native Son. Mats.: Red Mountain.
ORION: Saddle the Wind. Mats.: Living it up.
ATZMON: Sissi. Mats.: Die Heinzelmaennchen (in Hebrew).
PEER: Une Parisienne.
MORIAH: The Pajama Game. Mats.: The Kid — Charlie Chaplin.
ARMON: Les Lumières du Soir. Mats.: 1) The White Stallion (in Hebrew); 2) The Red Balloon.
EN DOR: The Rich Walter.
ORLY: End of the Affair.
MAY: Loving You.

The English Association of Accountants & Auditors. The English Association of Estate Agents & Valuers. The English Association of Secretaries. Founded 1941. Membership on Professional Experience, or Certificates with Reputable Schools, Colleges, Universities. 9 Charles St., Newport, Mon., England.

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Paula Pick
Vegetarian and Dietary
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Please reserve your accommodation in advance.
23-25 Rehov Hahoresh, Tel. 229, TIVON.

Wardle Not Free For Australia Tour

LONDON (Reuter).—Johnny Wardle, the Yorkshire left-arm spin bowler, will not be available to tour Australia with the English cricket team later this year.

Wardle, who has been on several overseas tours since the war, wants to spend the winter with his family. He disclosed his decision when replying to a letter asking whether he would be available to tour if selected.

Where to go

- **Meet the Israeli:** —
Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

- **Zoo:** —
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8.30-6.
- **Exhibitions:** —
New Exhibition: 10 years of archaeological activities, 1948-1958, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, 9-1, 3-6.
Paintings by van den Berg. Artists House, 10-1, 4-7.
New exhibition of Students' Work: paintings, graphics, metal work, textiles. New Bezalel School, 10-1, 3.30-6.
1. Two Thousand Years of Jewish Art. 2. Ancient Sites of Rome and Other Famous Etchings by G.B. Piranesi. Ancient pottery, glass and textiles from various civilizations. Preview of Primitive Sculpture, Bezalel National Museum, 9-1, 3.30-6.
Exhibition of drawings, gouaches, by Yvette Szczupak-Thomas. Ceramics by Elisheva Landmann, Nora Art Gallery, 9 Maimon Ave., 10-1, 5-6.
Yad Vashem Permanent Exhibition on the Period of Destruction and Heroism, Yad Vashem Building, Har Hazikaron (near Har Herzl). Daily 10-2, Fridays 9-12.30.
- **Libraries:** —
Bezalel Museum, Sunday to Thursday, 9-1, 3.30-6.
- **Tours:** —
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting at 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club: Straus Health Centre.
Hebrew University Conducted Tour, daily, every hour on the hour 9-1; 3-6. New University Campus. Every Tuesday leaving Administration Bldg. 11 a.m., a visit to Hebrew University Hadassah Medical School in Ein Karem. Phone (until Monday) 62980 for bookings.
- **Israel Exhibition:** —
Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10 a.m.-Midnight.
- **Lectures:** —
"On a Mission to Latin America." The Minister of the Interior, Mr. Y. Bar-Yehuda. Beit Hillel, 8.30 p.m.
"Our Neighbouring Countries — Iraq." Slides. Dr. Ze'ev Vilnay. Beit Ha'am. 8 p.m.

TEL AVIV

- **Entertainment:** —
Italian specialities Lunch, Dinner Luky's Bar Restaurant, 3 Allenby Rd., First class Italian menu at IL5. Phone 23782.
- **Exhibitions:** —
"Nine Generations of American Painting," Tel Aviv Museum, 10-1, 4-7.
Union of Israel Painters and Sculptors, 26th annual exhibition, Beit Hamlin, 26 Rehov Weizmann and at Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.
- **Tourist Service:** —
Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon Tel. 23239.
- **Z.O.A. House:** —
Tourist Service 9 a.m. — 9 p.m. daily.
- **Opera:** —
The Israel National Opera, "Faust," Conductor: A. Iarski. Opera House, 1 Allenby Road, 8.
- **Theatre:** —
Piccoli — Italian Puppet Theatre, Peer, 4.30-8.30.
Ohel, Blockade Runners, 8.30.
Habimah, Each had Six Wings (for Municipal Workers), 8.30.

HAIFA

- **Tourist Service:** —
Visit Hadassah Club, 17 Rehov Yerushalayim, Tel. 4876.
- **Exhibition:** —
2nd Exhibition of 10th Anniversary Year: "Art of Tomorrow." Works by 38 artists under 30 years of age, and 2 young guest artists, Yves Dendal, Belgium, and Ferroe, Iceland. Municipal Museum, City Hall, 10-1, 4-7.

RAMAT GAN

Visit Bar-Ilan University. Daily Tours, 10-4. Phone 72880. Buses 64, 68, 69, 70.

HERZLIYA

- **Theatre:** —
Benzion Witler, Shifra Lerer in Yiddish Play: Der Verliebte Narr, Tif'eret, 8.45.

AFFULA

- **Theatre:** —
Habimah, Hanna Senesh, 8.30.

World Jewish Student Body to Meet

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The 12th Congress of the World Union of Jewish Students is to take place in Jerusalem on August 3 to 8, with over 100 delegates from 2? Jewish student organizations participating.

A full agenda has already been prepared for the representatives who will come from the U.S., South America, Europe (including Yugoslavia), South Africa, Australia. About 130,000 students will be represented at the convention.

The main items to be discussed are the spread of Jewish culture among students, ways of cooperation with Israel, the situation of the Jewish student in Eastern Europe, and contacts with international organizations.

The congress is organized by the W.U.J.S. whose secretariat recently moved to Geneva, and by the Union's Centre in Israel.

Roubanis Beats Own Pole Vault High

MUNICH (Reuter). — Georgios Roubanis, who won a bronze medal for Greece in the Melbourne Olympic Games, bettered his own European pole vault record here Saturday with a leap of 4.60 metres. His previous best was 4.55 metres.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

July 14, 1958

Pop. Loan 1949/69 (11.20)	100
4% Comp. Loan 58/67	71
Pal. Bearer Bds Ser. 3	101½
2½% Comp. Loan	64½
3½% War Loan 54/59	98
3½% Tavel Dollar g)	91½
4% Reg. Sterling "A"	95½
Def. Loan Bonds 6½% f)	102½
4½% Def. Bonds f)	102½
6½% Def. Bonds g)	107
6½% Loc. C. Debs. f)	101½
6½% Loc. C. Debs. g)	105½
Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.)	225½
6½% Bonds "?" f)	102½
ditto g)	114½
Keren Hayesod	
6½% Deb. 55/65 f)	100½
ditto g)	108½
6% Deb. 55/6. f)	99½
ditto g)	103½
Bassco 6½% Deb. 55/66	
Class "A" f)	102½
Class "B" g)	118½
Sh. Leumi ord. sh.	150½
Bearer Savings Cert. '59	94½
Sh. Leumi Investment	
Ord. sh. "B" reg.	100
Ata ord. "B" sh.	89½
"Kurdaneh" ord. "B"	89½
7% con. debs. 59/68	85
"Teva" ord. sh.	80½
Pal. Cold St. ord. sh. reg.	140
Paz 4% debs. 40/64 reg.	83½
Bizur 4% debs. 56/65	90
Nir 6% pref. sh.	88
Gen. Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	80
Bassco 6% pref. ord. sh.	85½
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	83½
5% debs	78½
Afr. Pal. Inv. ord. sh.	61
Meller ord. sh. reg.	2140
Pal. Brewery 8% con. debs.	82½
Assis Bejarano "B" sh.	70
Nesher 6% debs "A" 55/64	118½
Pal. Potash "A" ord. sh.	56½
Dead Sea Works	
5% Deb. reg.	218
Delek ord sh. "C"	82
Mekorot pref. sh.	78
Jordan Exploration Co.	
Ord. sh. reg.	60½

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex-coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with c-o-l.

JERUSALEM ROTARY
Tomorrow's Luncheon
Kings Hotel
1.15 p.m.

"Yuval" and "Societies"
PRESENTS
The Marionette Theatre
PICCOLI
at the Peer Hall,
Tel Aviv (air-conditioned)

Tuesday,	July 15, 4.30 & 8.30
Wednesday,	July 16, 4.30 & 8.30
Thursday,	July 17, 4.30 & 8.30
Friday,	July 18, 11.30 & 4.00

Tickets at:
Kanaf, Cartis, Rococo

JERUSALEM
Under the auspices of the Israel Exhibition at the Exhibition Hall
3 Days Only

Saturday night,	July 19, 7.30 & 9.45
Sunday,	July 20, 4.30 & 8.30
Monday,	July 21, 4.30 & 8.30

Tickets at Cahana.
Please book your tickets in advance.

Israel Exhibition
TONIGHT
Tuesday, July 15, 1958
at 8.15
at the Exhibition Hall
La Maitrise
The Children's Choir
of Paris Radio
The KOL YISRAEL
ORCHESTRA
Conductor:
Jacques Jouineau

Sale of Tickets: Jerusalem: 1. At the Exhibition Main Box Office; 2. Cahana's Ticket Agency.

Tickets for the performances are also valid for entrance to the Exhibition ground 45 minutes before performances.

Notices to the Public

Customs and Excise Commissioner, Jerusalem

Tender No. 3/58

1. Tenders are hereby invited for the purchase of 668 packs of "555" playing cards.

2. The cards may be seen at the Customs' Warehouse, Jerusalem Railway Station, from the date of publication of this notice and until July 24, 1958, daily, between 8 a.m. and 12 noon.

3. Bids for the purchase of goods should be submitted in sealed envelopes and on the official forms which can be obtained from the Customs official in charge of the warehouse or at Room No. 34, the Commissioner for Customs and Excise, Nordiah Bldg., Jaffa Rd., Jerusalem.

4. The number of the tender in question should be marked on the envelope.

5. A Bank draft, issued to the Customs Commissioner, Jerusalem, at the rate of 10 per cent of the value of the bid should be attached to the bid.

6. Bids should be placed in the Tender Box, Room No. 34, Nordiah Bldg.

7. The deadline for submitting bids is 12 noon, July 25, 1958.

8. Every bid submitted as above is binding on the bidder and the enclosed bank draft will guarantee the fulfilment of all the particulars and conditions of the bid. Failure to comply with the conditions of the bid will result in confiscation of the guarantee.

9. Successful bidders must remove all goods from the warehouse within 7 days of the date of acceptance of the bid.

10. Successful bidders will be required to affix customs and purchase-tax stamps on their purchases at their own expense.

11. The Customs Commissioner is not bound to accept the highest or any bid offered.

Y. FRANKEL,
Customs and Excise
Commissioner,
Jerusalem.

Technion — Israel Institute of Technology
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1. Glass Blower
2. Assistant Glass Blower

Applicants may apply in person to the office of the Administrator, Room 19, in the Technion Main Building on Hadar Hacarmel, daily, from 7.30 a.m.-2 p.m.

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Assistant Instructor
for teaching and research in BIOCHEMISTRY.
Applications, together with curriculum vitae, certificates or copies thereof, and 2 pictures passport size, should be sent to the Secretary for Academic Staff of the Technion, P.O.B. 4910, Haifa, by July 22, 1958.

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ELECTRONIC TECHNICIANS
A or AA
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Confidential treatment assured.

Community Cultural Centre Linking America with Israel
TOMORROW, July 16, 1958, at 8.30 p.m.
Mr. Samuel H. Adler, Dallas,
Texas, Director of Music, Temple Emanu-El
on
MUSICAL EDUCATION IN U.S.A.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
Farewell Appearance
RICHARD TUCKER
TEL AVIV—WEDNESDAY, JULY 30
Mann Auditorium, at 8.30 p.m.
Arias from Oratorios and Operas by
HANDEL — MOZART — MENDELSSOHN
MEYERBEER — HALEVY
NEAPOLITAN SONGS ● *CANTORAL SONGS*
At the Piano:
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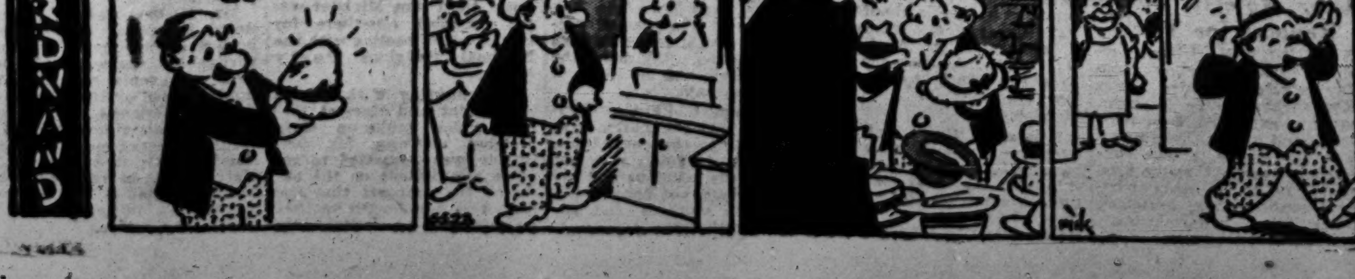

Today's Postbag

The Weather

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	—	16	20	28
Tiberias	—	24	—	35
Haifa Port	60	22	28	29
Natanya	58	20	30	29
Tel Aviv Kirya	55	20	29	29
Tel Aviv Port	68	22	27	28
Lydda Airport	57	17	30	30
Jerusalem	44	17	28	28
Beersheba	40	17	31	33
Sdom	—	26	—	37
Eilat	24	24	36	38

A) Humidity at 2 p.m. B) Minimum temp. yesterday. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Alexandre Tansmann, the noted Polish composer, as a guest of the Israel Broadcasting Services, to conduct the Kol Yisrael Orchestra in a performance of his oratorio, Isaiah (by El Al).

The head of the Nuclear Resonance Laboratory at the Weizmann Institute, Dr. Shaul Meibom, from the U.S., where he participated in a convention on magnetic resonance (by Sabena).

Bernard Ladisch, first bass of the Polish National Opera, to appear with the Israel Opera in "Faust," on July 19 (by Swissair).

Mr. Herbert Goldstein, the new General Manager of Sonol Israel Ltd.-Petroleum Products, and Mrs. Goldstein, to settle in Israel (by T.W.A.)

DEPARTURES

Prof. M. Bobtelsky, Head of the Department of Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry at the Hebrew University, for England, to participate in the International Symposium on Microchemistry in Birmingham next month.

Mr. Mordecai Mayer, General Manager of the Export Bank, for Liberia (by El Al).

Members of the "Firstborn" cast, for Athens, on the start of a short visit to Europe (by El Al).

TOURISTS and Israelis can buy diamond jewellery, cameras, Swiss watches, French perfumes tax free at the DUTY FREE SHOP, Lydda Airport, before boarding plane. (Advt.)

THE JERUSALEM municipal business tax is to be discussed by a sub-committee set up this week by the Municipal Finance Committee. A 10 per cent increase in the tax had been proposed by the City management.

* * *

THE SUGAR factory in Affula doubled its output to 9,000 tons this season which has just ended. The increase is due to improved efficiency of the production process and growing experience of the workers, the management told the press on Monday.

Furman Gets Top Post in P.E.C.

TEL AVIV. — The Palestine Economic Corporation announced on Tuesday that on September 1, Mr. John Furman, a Tel Aviv business executive and banker, will take office as the Corporation's Executive Vice-President in charge of operations in Israel.

Mr. I. Rabinowitz, who has been acting head of P.E.C. operations here, will return to his position as General Manager of the Union Bank and the Canada-Israel Central Bank from which he has been on leave of absence.

In his new capacity, Mr. Furman will be operational chief with a capital and surplus of more than $13m., representing investments in almost every sector of Israel's economy. He will direct the Corporation's subsidiary companies, including real estate, banking, housing and foreign trade interests, and represent P.E.C. in the management of its affiliates, among them some of the largest industrial enterprises in the country.

Born in London in 1915, Mr. Furman practised as a chartered accountant in the City prior to the outbreak of World War II. After service in the British Army in the last war, he became senior executive of a large investment trust in London. In 1948, Mr. Furman immigrated to Israel to serve with the Israel Army during the War of Liberation. His former posts have included those of Controller General and Secretary of the Zim Israel Navigation Co., and Deputy Director and Manager of the Israel-American Industrial Development Bank.

Bar-Ilan Ordered To Stop Construction

TEL AVIV. — A temporary injunction against Bar-Ilan University, preventing it from continuing construction work on the campus until further hearings, was issued on Monday by Tel Aviv District Court Judge Dr. Y. Lamm at the request of the Shragenheim Brothers architectural firm.

The archiects have filed a suit for IL150,000 in damages against the University on charges of breach of contract. They charged that they had signed a contract with the University under which they were to supervise the construction of the University's Institute of Physics Building which they had planned, but the University had engaged another firm of architects to supervise the construction of the building using the original plans.

Hearings on the charges will be held on Friday.

DAHAF'S NEW OFFICES

Dahaf Advertising Agency has opened two new offices in Tel Aviv, at 116 Rehov Dizengoff and at 7 Rehov Ben Yehuda. The offices will be open from 7.30 a.m. to midnight, to make the Agency's full professional services available to one and all, Dahaf announced.

Price of Milk May Go Up

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The price of milk and dairy products may rise in the near future as the result of a contemplated reduction in subsidies, it is learned in Jerusalem.

It is understood that the Ministry of Agriculture has agreed to a partial reduction in the milk subsidy which has long been advocated by the Ministry of Finance. The annual subsidy at present is IL12m.

It is pointed out that milk prices have not kept pace with the prices of other commodities and that families in higher income brackets are the main beneficiaries of the subsidies as the poorer families use very little milk.

Fewer Polio Cases Reported in July

Notifications of polio for the first 10 days of the month indicate a drop in the number of new cases, it was learned from Ministry of Health sources Monday.

They emphasized, however, that a true picture of the epidemic's course during this period would not be available for another few weeks since cases are not always spotted or reported immediately. The Ministry spokesman noted yesterday that a few scattered reports for May were only now coming in.

Arab Farmer Aid Law Nearly Drafted

A draft law, guaranteeing sufficient land to continue their farming activities to Arab farmers who were hit by the recently adopted Limitations Law, is in an advanced stage of formulation and is soon to be presented to the Government for approval, the Minister of Justice, Mr. P. Rosen, announced in the Knesset on Monday. He was replying to a question by Mr. Mass'ad Kassis (Arab Democrats).

Nazareth Wants More Water

Jerusalem Post Bureau

NAZARETH. — The water supply to Nazareth is falling short by approximately 1,600 cubic metres daily and the water shortage is felt in the city and in hospitals. Mekorot, which is responsible for the town's water supply, claims that according to its contract with the Municipality it was to supply the city with 1,200 cubic metres daily. If the Municipality wants additional quantities of water, said Mekorot, it should acquire additional rights. The Municipality stated that it is unable to do so for budgetary reasons.

Israel Jurists For Ethiopian High Court

The Government is to accede to a request by Ethiopia to suggest two Israel jurists for appointment as Justices of the Ethiopian Supreme Court, it is learned.

The Ministry of Justice has asked the Courts Administration to name two candidates. It is understood that three lawyers, Messrs. M. Linderman, H. Ben Ari, of Tel Aviv, and Mr. S. Toussia-Cohen of Jerusalem are being considered, but no decision has yet been taken.

1st Israel Tourist Back from USSR

LYDDA AIRPORT. — A senior officer of Bank Leumi LeIsrael, Mr. Yitzhak Svirsky, arrived here aboard a Sabena flight on Monday following a week's visit to Soviet Russia. He claimed that he was the first Israeli to visit Russia as a tourist and said that he had enjoyed excellent service there. He spent his visit in Moscow and in Leningrad. *(Itim)*

Members of the Army unit that is leaving shortly for Holland to represent Israel at the four-day marching contest held annually at Nijmegen. This is the fourth year that Israel is participating in the contest. The team is composed of 23 men and 16 girls, accompanied by three group leaders.

Tougher Penalties for Traffic Offences Come into Force Friday

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Severer penalties for traffic offenders mitigated by a "fair deal" for drivers will take effect from next Friday.

Aimed to keep death off the roads — 1,717 persons were killed and 11,000 seriously injured in the last 10 years — the new regulations issued by the Ministry of Transport in accordance with the Amended Ordinance passed by the Knesset last March imposes obligatory suspension of licences and obligatory prison sentences for certain offences. Simultaneously, they introduce a number of ameliorations for the driver, and higher speed limits, the latter having already been announced.

The new penalties for the careless drivers are:

- **Maximum sentence for general traffic offences raised to IL2,000 or two years imprisonment instead of IL 200 and 1 year. This also applies to pedestrians.**
- Obligatory minimum prison sentence of one month for serious offences committed within two years of a previous similar offence. The Courts have the prerogative of imposing a suspended sentence instead. Serious offences include 17 categories ranging from dangerous driving, to speeding, driving with faulty brakes, blinding, and parking at night without light. Maximum penalty for serious offences is now three years or IL5,000.
- **Obligatory suspension of licences for no less than three months for offences causing damage to life or property, driving under the influence of drink, driving without a licence, driving a vehicle declared unroadworthy, and for refusing to give information after an accident. Here too, the Courts may also impose a suspended sentence.**
- Obligatory suspension of licence for a minimum of two months for one of the 17 categories of "serious offences" committed within two years of a similar offence.
- **A "serious offence" committed before July 18 will not be taken into account.**

Administrative changes include:

- **Instead of renewal of driving licences annually, licences for private vehicles may be issued for one, two or three years without renewal, every two years for truck-drivers, with no change for bus and taxi drivers.**
- Licences for tractors, motorized work implements, and motorized bicycles to be granted for a period of two years.
- **The minimum age for driving a tractor is reduced to 16 from 18, recognizing a practice prevailing, unlawfully, in settlements and farms.**
- Fines for delayed renewal of licences.

The regulations empower the Ministry of Transport to decide on services, routes and fares of public transport, instead of negotiating with the companies as hitherto. (Taxi fares were fixed last Wednesday.) The Ministry also can order the services to operate.

Several changes in court procedures include the extension of the number of minor offences for which the driver may pay a fine without appearing in court. They now include driving on the wrong side of the road, not having certain accessories, and offences by cyclists. In addition, the period of grace granted a driver to pay the fine has been increased to 15 days instead of seven.

Drivers will no longer enjoy reduced fines by "collecting" a number of tickets and then later paying them in a lump sum — a practice popular with taxi drivers — but will have to pay the full total plus possible court costs.

Because of the huge backlog in pending traffic cases, consultations are in progress between the Ministry and the Courts for the appointment of permanent Traffic Magistrates. (In each of the last two years 160,000 traffic charges were filed in the courts, 7,000 of them accidents.)

Own Specific Limit

Together with the new speed limits, certain stretches of road are to be given their own specific limit, either because of the condition of the road or its particular location.

"We have created normal conditions, fair to the driver, it is up to him to keep to the Law," the Controller of Road Transport, Mr. M. Barr, declared at a press conference in Jerusalem on Monday. The new speed limits were introduced after a committee of experts had found that driving slowly, thus causing congestion, was just as dangerous as speeding, he said. According to Mr. Barr, the higher speed limits would cut down overtaking, one of the chief causes of accidents. Speeding, he said, accounted for only 1.8 per cent of accidents. The new limits were also economically beneficial.

Mr. Barr said that engineers had gone over all the roads around built-up areas and found that there were stretches unnecessarily designated as built-up. This is to be rectified next month.

Asked if there were new regulations for jay-walking pedestrians, Mr. I. Mintz, Legal Adviser to the Ministry, declared there were no specific ones, but that the new general maximum penalty also applied to them.

Driver Acquitted Of Traffic Charges

Application of the traffic laws for the protection of the most negligent of pedestrians would only lead to a complete paralysis of road traffic, declared Jerusalem Magistrate Y. Harish on Monday, in acquitting a driver of charges of speeding and negligent driving.

The driver, Ephraim Mizrahi, had hit a pedestrian who had started across the street near the Terra Sancta College in Jerusalem. The Magistrate found that the driver could not possibly have avoided hitting him, as he had emerged from behind a parked bus without checking for oncoming traffic. Magistrate Harish declared that it would be more accurate to say that the pedestrian had crashed into the vehicle rather than the opposite.

NEW SETTLEMENT ON EILAT ROAD

A new settlement is to be established on the Eilat road south of Makhtesh Ramon in the near future, it was learned from Government circles in Jerusalem on Monday.

The settlement will feature a restaurant, gas pump and other facilities for Eilat-bound traffic.

Work on the site is to start in a few weeks' time.

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Turn in All IL1 Bank Leumi Notes

The Bank of Israel on Monday instructed the public to exchange all Bank Leumi IL1 notes in their possession as soon as possible.

The Bank decided to withdraw these notes in view of the discovery of additional quantities of forged IL1 notes of Bank Leumi issue. The notes in circulation are limited in quantity and have become worn in any case.

The exchange may be transacted at any bank.

Rabbinate Studying Falashas' Status

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Chief Rabbinate is now considering the status of the Falasha community in Ethiopia in relation to the Jewish nation, it is learned.

The question arose recently when teachers of the Jewish Agency's Torah Education Department, who are being sent to the Falashas, asked for guidance on this matter.

Although the Falashas follow Jewish law in many respects, they do not observe Jewish regulations in regard to divorce, for example.

An estimated 15,000 Falashas remain loyal to the main patterns of Jewish tradition. A large number have been converted to Christianity.

CRASH VICTIMS BURIED

PARDES HANNA. — The funeral was held on Monday of Uri and Rivka Golan, the young couple who were killed on Sunday when their scooter crashed into an oncoming Eshed bus on the Sharon Road. The funeral, which was scheduled to take place at 1.30 p.m., was delayed till 5.00 owing to a report that the parents of the late Uri Golan (formerly Max Goldberg) were to arrive from Switzerland. It was learned, however, that their flight was postponed.

LAMM WILL NOT SEEK RE-ELECTION

TEL AVIV. — Judge M. Lamm, President of the Football Association, will not stand for re-election after the next general meeting next month.

"A change in the organization of local football is necessary, and there is no need for a president to be an arbitrator in disputes," Judge Lamm told *The Jerusalem Post.*

THE WORK on enlarging the Municipal Stadium in Beersheba began on Monday. When completed, the Stadium will be able to seat 10,000 spectators.

Navy Plays Host To Haifa Public

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA.—The Armed Forces' "Silent Service" presented itself to the public with an eloquent exhibition and Open House on various units of the fleet on Monday. While the exhibit was officially opened Monday afternoon, the public will be admitted only from Thursday through Tuesday, July 22. Till Thursday, only invited guests and tourists will view the show which is being held at Bat Galim.

In the port, 8,000 persons have been invited to visit the fleet during three days. They may view the captured Egyptian destroyer now named the "Haifa," the destroyer Yaffo and a torpedo, a gun and a life boat.

The exhibition, which was declared open by the C.O. Navy, Aluf Shmuel Tankus, was arranged by members of the Navy, with the aid of an architect. The accent is on the technical side. Navigational instruments, radar and submarine detection apparatus are all on exhibit, and are demonstrated in action.

The Navy's electronics, radio and electrical equipment are also displayed. Diagrams, photos and models present some of the Force's outstanding operations, such as the capture of the Egyptian ship, Ibrahim el Awal, including her flag and the white flag of surrender she hoisted. Other sections give the visitor a glimpse of naval activities, with live demonstrations of life boat drill and a diver at work. Naval guns, from the tin-and-timber "cannon" and 1906-vintage field guns that scared the Arabs in 1948, to modern AA and naval guns. The show is topped with a torpedo display.

As part of Navy Week, sports competitions were held on Monday, in which seamen matched their prowess against each other.

ASCH CENTRE OPENED

BAT YAM. — The Cultural Centre in the late Sholem Asch's house in Bat Yam was inaugurated on Sunday on the first anniversary of his death in the presence of a distinguished audience of writers and friends of the well-known author.

Mr. David Ben-Ari, the Mayor of Bat Yam, said that before he died, Sholem Asch was indefatigable in his attempts to persuade noted Jewish writers and artists to settle in Israel. This effort was being continued by Mrs. Asch.

Dalia Festival Puts Off Capital Show

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The appearance of the Dalia Folk Dance Festival groups at the Israel Exhibition, scheduled for Wednesday (tomorrow) night, has been cancelled, the Histadrut Cultural Centre announced on Monday night. The Centre explained that the organizers of the Festival, which was held last week, are suffering from exhaustion and are under doctor's orders not to be disturbed.

It was said that the date of the Festival's appearance will be announced later, and that money for tickets already bought will be refunded at ticket agencies.

On Tuesday night the noted French children's choir, La Maitrise, of Paris Radio, will appear with the Kol Yisrael Orchestra in the main hall of Binyanei Ha'ooma, beginning at 8.15 p.m.

Benzioni Gets 10 Years Jail For 154 Thefts Totalling IL52,000

TEL AVIV. — Ruling that Israel Benzioni was not insane, the local District Court on Monday sentenced him to 10 years in prison for committing 154 robberies in which the stolen goods amounted to IL52,000. Benzioni, who was given the right to appeal, also faces trial on charges of allegedly committing 40 additional robberies in the total value of IL108,000. The verdict was handed down by the Relieving President of the District Court, Mr. M. Kennet, and Judges Y. Zundelewicz and M. Czernobilsky.

Declaring that this was "a special case calling for special punishment," the Court also ordered Benzioni to return all the stolen goods to their owners. At the same time, the Court rejected the District Attorney's request for an order impounding Benzioni's automobile, and ordered the police to return the car to Benzioni within two months. The Court rejected another request by the District Attorney to revoke Benzioni's driver's licence.

Demands Maximum

In his summation, the District Attorney demanded the maximum sentence of 14 years allowed by the law on burglary. The defence counsel, declaring that Benzioni was emotionally disturbed, asked that he be put on probation or given only a suspended sentence. He said that Benzioni was irresponsible because he felt that no one appreciated his artistic talents, and that he had hallucinations ever since he was injured in an automobile accident.

Before the summings-up Dr. A. Rabinowitz, the Government alienist, who at the order of the Court had examined Benzioni, declared that the accused was a paranoic personality who did not, however, suffer from any mental disease. He said that Benzioni made a pleasant enough impression in his conduct, but showed obvious signs of restlessness. He was egocentric, obsessed with a desire to be in the centre of things and to dominate. He also had an exaggerated estimate of his talents and tended to brag. Dr. Rabinowitz added that Benzioni showed an ability to invent excuses and pretences as required.

During questioning by the defence counsel, Dr. Rabinowitz said he believed that Benzioni knew what he was doing at the time he committed his crimes. He sometimes regretted his deeds, but he always repeated them. The psychiatrist added that paranoia was not typical of thieves and that therefore Benzioni's career was not to be seen as stemming from this condition. "If there were an institution for psychopaths in Israel," said Dr. Rabinowitz, "I would strongly recommend that the accused be committed to such an institution." Benzioni was at war with society, said Dr. Rabinowitz, which he waged by committing criminal acts.

Benzioni interrupted the alienist's testimony several times to exclaim: "So Ron (who was recently granted executive clemency after being found guilty of embezzling funds of the Massada oil company) was not at all responsible and I'm responsible for everything." "Why did I willingly confess to everything?" "Why did I take sweaters and not carpets?"

In his original brief, Assistant District Attorney A. Leibson charged Benzioni with five robberies and housebreakings and with bribing Mr. D. Podohzur, the policeman who arrested him. Before the verdict was handed down, the defence counsel, Mr. Z. Ginsberg, asked that the sentence cover all the charges against his client, including those not mentioned in the brief. The District Attorney submitted a brief covering 189 burglaries, robberies and housebreakings, of which Benzioni admitted only 149. Benzioni confessed to an additional 265 charges of housebreaking, burglary, theft, robbery and possessing stolen property. On the charge that Benzioni had offered the policeman a bribe of IL1,000, the Court said it was accepting the policeman's testimony.

CLOTH GOODS valued at IL12,000 were stolen from a storehouse belonging to Mr. Michael Godal, of Rehov Lilienblum in Tel Aviv, on Sunday night.

'Ohel' May Remain Co-op Theatre

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV. — The Ohel Theatre may continue to operate as a cooperative, Mr. Y. Shehori, member of the Theatre management, told Monday's meeting of the local Labour Council Secretariat.

Explaining the position of the technical workers of the Theatre to the Council, Mr. Shehori said the workers had demanded protection of the Council against non-payment of salaries by the company. Both workers and artists will be members of the cooperative, he said.

It will be recalled that the Histadrut leadership had decided to withdraw its support from the Ohel Theatre—formerly known as the "Workers Theatre"—and had called on the company to disband. The veteran actors were to have been integrated into the Habimah Theatre, but the latter refused to accept them.

Arab Women Ask Husbands' Release

The Knesset Petitions Committee on Monday afternoon received a delegation of five Arab women from Nazareth who asked for the release of their husbands imprisoned in connection with the May Day riots in the Galilee town.

Police deployed vans and plainclothesmen at strategic points around the Knesset as a precaution against a large-scale demonstration.

The delegation was part of a group of 10 women and several children who came from Nazareth to Jerusalem Monday, and proceeded to the local Communist headquarters before going on to the Knesset. When this reporter approached the clubroom, she saw a plain-clothesman being shouted at to keep off the premises with the comment "They're already hanged your friend Nuri Said."

The delegation told the Knesset Committee that they spoke in the name of "several hundred" families whose men were under administrative arrest, or exiled to another city or had been judged by a military tribunal.

They also asked for an end to military government and administrative arrests.

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Ben-Zvi Visits Holland

(Continued from Page 1)

rived with Mrs. Ben-Zvi and his Aide in an open grey limousine, led by five police outriders and followed by five mounted policemen. A fanfare from five bugles greeted their arrival.

The President wore a dark grey suit and Mrs. Ben-Zvi was in a mustard wool dress and white hat. Both shook many outstretched hands, and embraced relatives. Mr. Ben-Zvi conversed at length with the Soviet Ambassador, Mr. Bodrov.

As the last note of Hatikva, played by the Police Band, faded away, the sound was taken up by four Mystere jets zooming past low over the aerodrome.

The President led the way to the aircraft in the company of Mr. Sprinzak, Mr. Ben-Gurion, Rav-Aluf Laskov, and the Deputy Chief of Protocol, Mr. Gilboa. As the guard of honour presented arms, the President's standard was unfurled above the Britannia's cockpit.

Air Force Escort

The Minister of Transport, Mr. Moshe Carmel, and the General Manager of El Al, Mr. E. Ben-Artzi, were the last to bid the President farewell before he and his party were welcomed by the Britannia's selected crew. The captain was Zvi Tohar, El Al's record-breaking pilot, and the crew included Ilia Har-El, newly-crowned queen of international air stewardesses, and Alisa Flasher, a successful entrant in such a competition.

Right on the minute, the giant craft rolled along the runway and, as it took to the sky, four Air Force jet fighters appeared to escort her to Israel's sea border.

The Prime Minister and the American and Soviet Ambassadors left the airport quickly, apparently in a hurry to hear of developments in Iraq.

On board the President's plane was Mr. David Hacohen, M.K., Commissioner of the Israel Pavilion at the Brussels World Exhibition, who will welcome Mr. Ben-Zvi to the Israel display.

The President is to remain in Holland until July 17, in Belgium until July 20, and go on to Switzerland for two days before returning to Jerusalem on July 22.

The Presidential party had been escorted out of the capital by the Jerusalem District Representative, and from there on to the airport by the Central District Representative.

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10.8.58	m.v. ETROG	Cyprus, Rotterdam, Antwerp, London
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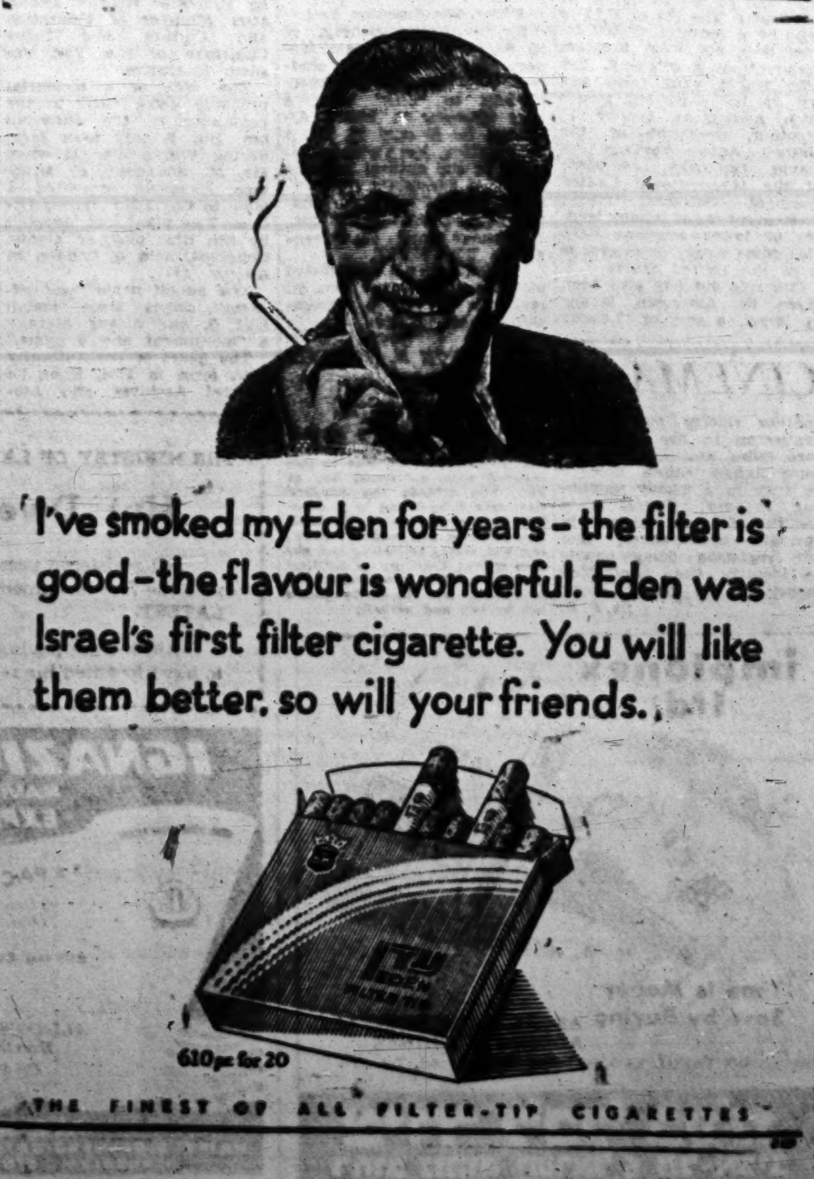

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Tuesday, July 15, 1958
27 Tammuz, 5718 — 28 Zu'l-Haj, 1377

IRAQ IN NASSER'S ORBIT

IRAQ, so the Baghdad Radio declares, is stepping across the invisible line that divides West from East. The King and Prime Minister, who should have flown to Istanbul yesterday for the meeting of the Baghdad Pact, have disappeared; the King, possibly, is being held in captivity by the rebels to be offered his life in exchange for a formal abdication which would give the new republic a semblance of legality and allow them to usher in their new regime free both of the stain of regicide and of the inconvenience of a king-in-exile plotting restoration.

There are many curious elements about the coup. The West was taken by surprise — but then the West has been notoriously out of touch with Middle Eastern thought in the past few years. It is believed that Cairo also may not have known that the move was to take place at the present moment, though as an anti-Western movement the Iraqi junta naturally favours Nasserism and lost no time in recognizing the U.A.R.

There is also little evidence of Communist or Soviet intervention, though Communist elements have been more active again in Iraq lately. Nevertheless, yesterday's swift switch will, if successful, detach one more of the Arab countries, and one of the major oil-producers at that, from the Western side and bring it in on that of Nasser and the East, and may in due course help Egypt solve her economic crisis. It is rendered the more ominous by the fact that Jordan and then the Lebanon are likely to be drawn into the same constellation.

It spells the end of the Baghdad Pact, whose influence has been waning rapidly in any case, with Britain practically excluded from participation, and both Persia and Turkey losing confidence in its efficacy following the abandonment of the Lebanon to her fate by the West. The West had neatly divided the Arab states into "oil-producing" and "oil-carrying" areas and had developed a theory that permitted the carriers to slip into the Soviet orbit without resistance, so long as the producers remained outside.

It is idle now to recall that there were ample warnings that Nasser was neither a mere Soviet puppet nor a frightened fellah trying to seek a little backing against Israel, but a rabid imperialist who would not easily be stopped until he had scooped every Moslem and Arab-speaking country into *his* orbit. It is said that Mr. Dulles has lately come to accept this point of view, and perhaps even to regret that he should have chosen to rescue Nasser after his Sinai defeat, but that the United States has become wedded to a policy of inaction, even at great political cost. President Eisenhower's summoning of the Security Council, with its built-in Soviet veto, is only a part of this policy. Perhaps de Gaulle has come in time to prevent at least North Africa from slipping into Nasser's hands as well.

As far as Israel is concerned the situation has not greatly changed. The Arab Federation of Iraq and Jordan was no less hostile to us than the United Arab Republic of Egypt and Syria. Israel's forces have always been prepared to withstand those of the Arab countries, singly or in such unison as they can achieve. It is very cold comfort to be able to say to the West "I told you so." The colder because there is so little prospect that the full lesson of Nasserism will be learnt even now.

S.S. PRISONER HANGS HIMSELF

BONN (Reuter). — Martin Knittler, a former S.S. guard jointly charged with the wartime murder of about 11,000 inmates of Sachsenhausen concentration camp, hanged himself in his prison cell on Sunday, the Public Prosecution has announced.

He used a rope issued for basket making in the prison workshops.

IRAQ'S 'BIG THREE'

Nuri es-Said

NURI Said, Iraq's strong man for the past 30 years, was Prime Minister of the Arab Federation (of Iraq and Jordan) when he was reportedly killed on Monday morning. Baghdad Radio, announcing the event, said "the enemy of God and the people is dead with his master, their bodies burned and being kicked by the people's feet." Nuri was just turning 70.

Nuri es-Said's parents were Sunni Moslems and his ancestors came from Mosul. He chose an army career and went to a military college in Istanbul, where he was introduced to Arab nationalism through a secret society of Arab patriots among whom he soon found himself at home. He became a staunch supporter of the cause of Arab unity and independence, and remained one ever since, although his conception of this cause differed greatly from that of his chief rival in the Arab world during the past five years, the U.A.R.'s President, Colonel Abdul Nasser.

Nuri served with the Turkish army in the Balkan war of 1911, thus preparing himself for the important role that he was to play both as a strategist and a front-line leader in King Hussein's Arab Revolt in 1916, which constituted the turning point of his life.

Thirteen times Prime Minister of Iraq and chief architect of the Baghdad Pact, Nuri was the natural candidate for the Premiership of the Arab Federation when its Government was formed last May. During the past two months, Nuri was a staunch advocate of the view that the West ought to intervene in the Lebanon or, failing that, should let the Baghdad Pact countries intervene on their own and promise them support in case they needed it.

Scheduled to arrive in Istambul Monday morning to attend a meeting of leaders of the Pact's Moslem member states, Nuri was reported to be calling for a reconsideration of America's policy in the Middle East in the light of the Lebanese events and to demand a final answer to the question whether and to what extent the U.S. would come to its friends' aid in case of need. Previously he had been in London on what was described as a private visit.

King Faisal and his uncle, Abdul-Illah (right). Express Photo

Prince Abdul-Illah

THE Emir Abdul-Illah is the brother of Queen Aliya, mother of Faisal II. Becoming Regent after King Ghazi's death in April, 1939, he is said to have taken an active part in the direction and formulation of Iraq's pro-Western policy as a close associate of Nuri es-Said. Educated in Beirut and at Alexandria's Victoria College, Abdul-Illah often visited Britain and his support of Nuri's policies ever since the unsuccessful *coup d'etat* of Rashid Ali el-Gailani in April, 1941 made him very unpopular with the rising generation of Iraqis who drew their political inspiration from Cairo and Damascus.

On Faisal's accession to the throne in 1953, Abdul-Illah became Crown Prince and continued to take an active part in the country's affairs. As late as February 1957 he made a visit to the U.S. — which coincided with King Saud's — and openly declared in Washington that he approved of the Eisenhower Doctrine. Later in the same year he visited Formosa, Pakistan and other countries. Although no official post was given to him when the Arab Federation was proclaimed in the middle of February, he continued to attend important meetings both inside the Federation and abroad.

At different times in the past eight years, when Iraqi-Syrian union was thought imminent, rumours had it that Abdul-Illah was to receive Syria's throne in compensation for his losing the Regency with Faisal's coming of age.

King Faisal II

BORN on May 2, 1935, Faisal II of Iraq and "joint-king" of the Arab Federation was proclaimed king after the death of his father, King Ghazi, in a car accident. Less than four years old at the time, he acquired the title of "the world's youngest King." Shortly after his 12th birthday, he arrived in Britain to continue his studies at Sandroyd Preparatory School, Dorset. On the 10th anniversary of his accession to the throne he broadcast a speech in English from the B.B.C. studios. He continued his studies at Harrow.

In the summer of 1952, Faisal made a coast-to-coast tour of the U.S. accompanied by his uncle, Prince Abdul-Illah. During this stay he was awarded the Legion of Merit "for promoting friendship between his country and the U.S."

A few days after his 18th birthday, on May 8, 1953, Faisal ascended the throne on the same day as his second cousin, King Hussein of Jordan. The following year he accompanied Nuri Said on a 10-day visit to Karachi which marked the beginning of a close connection that resulted in Pakistan's joining Iraq and Turkey in the Baghdad Pact less than a year later.

Before the decision to convene a conference of the heads of the four member-States of the Baghdad Pact was taken — it was to take place in Istanbul yesterday — King Faisal had announced that he would leave for England on July 14 for his summer vacation. His marriage to 17-year-old Princess Fadila, blond, blue-eyed descendant of Ottoman rulers, was scheduled to take place "early next year."

Readers' Letters

HISTADRUT MANAGEMENT

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — It has been brought to my attention that in your issue of July 3, you carried a small item concerning the reorganization of Solel Boneh and the appointment of the new Management Boards by Hevrat Ovdim. I was surprised to see that, further to the information concerning the meeting held by the Secretariat of Hevrat Ovdim, you mention that you have also been informed that Mr. Hillel Dan and myself expressed our doubts as to whether or not we should be ready to serve on any one of the newly appointed Management Boards.

As I have never intimated anything of the sort, either at the above-mentioned meeting or on any other occasion, and since what you printed bears the character of a release given by someone intimately familiar with the proceedings now under way in Hevrat Ovdim, this whole thing intrigues me.

First of all, it would be highly presumptuous on my part to express doubts as to whether or not I shall accept an appointment before anybody invites me to do so. Secondly, my own interest in the work I am now doing in Solel Boneh and particularly as a member of the Koor Management, is only too well known.

Can it be, therefore, that your informant in this matter was trying to lay the ground and anticipate something rather than divulge information? Was the intention to indicate that there is a tendency not to appoint me to the new Koor Management Board — or else that the new composition of that Board, or its programme, may be such as not to enable me to serve on it?

Since it would not be ethical on my part to enquire as to your source of information, I would ask you to print my letter and thus convey its message to the real addressee.

Yours, etc.
ALUF A. REMEZ
Zahala, July 7.

U.S. LABOUR'S AID

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I have just received your Fourth of July issue in which considerable space is rightly devoted to Israel-America relations. However, I have dicovered an omission in this coverage which should be rectified.

Nowhere do your writers even hint at the extremely warm and cordial relations of the American labour movement to Israel in general and to the Histadrut in particular. The list of V.I.P.'s who have recently visited Israel does not even mention "labour" as a category. Yet who would omit from any list of 100 important guests such names as Walter P. Reuther, president of the United Auto Workers, or David Dubinsky, president of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union? Vast numbers of labour leaders of lower echelons have also come singly or in groups from the United States.

Concrete aid has also been given by American labour to Israel, a sort of "Labour Point Four," which has made possible many of the Amal trade schools, numerous Kupat Holim institutions, including the new hospital rising at Beersheba, and the Philip Murray Cultural Centre at Eilat. Only a few weeks ago, George Meany, AFL-CIO president, remitted a $50,000 cheque for the construction of a Histadrut centre in Haifa in memory of William Green.

The Israelis would also do well to visit the American Histadrut Centre in Tel Aviv, through whose portals come thousands of American tourists, representative of the broad masses of American working people.

On the Fourth of July that falls during the Asor — let us salute the 15,000,000 American trade unionists who played no mean part in our history.

Yours, etc.
NAHUM GUTTMAN,
Director of Public Relations
National Committee for Labour Israel
New York, July 8.

RADIO HAM-PAL

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Philip Schrag, of 25 Shore Road, Pelham Manor, New York, is an amateur ham who is extremely anxious to "talk" with a ham operator in Israel. Although he is only 15, he is very mature, has a wide knowledge of the natural sciences and is a successful mystery-story writer. His call number is K 2 ZAU 21,125 mc., continuous wave (in Greenwich), 0230 G.M.T.

Will anyone interested please contact either him directly or me at 30 Smolenskin Street, Haifa.

Yours, etc.
AARON B. HORWITZ
Haifa, June.

PEN FRIENDS

RITA HALL, 14, of 27 Harborough Road, Southall, Middlesex, England, would like to correspond with an Israel boy or girl. She attends the Southall Grammar School and is a member of the Church of England. Her hobbies are reading, drawing and stamp collecting and she also enjoys listening to political discussions. Her favourite subject is French and favourite games are hockey and netball.

AT THE CINEMA

Friendly Comedy

THE Austrian film "*Ich und meine Frau*" (Tel Or, Jerusalem), a well-acted, friendly comedy carried by the fine acting of Paula Wessely and Attila Hoerbiger, classes better than the "Sissy" Saga. Complete unsophistication endears the film to a public to whom the finer points of French and English comedies are lost.

Parisian Tale

"PARIS Grand Hotel" is a very French Christmas tale in which the old story of chambermaid and stableboy posing as princess and prince is dressed up like a Christmas tree with hilarious gags and surprising twists. Charles Boyer adds another elderly but perfect gentleman to his proud record. Slim and leggy Francoise Arnoul shows how to be sexy in a wholly unbulbous manner. There is a wealth of great actors in episodic appearances, and one regretted being unable to identify the fascinating looney in the lockup scene.

Th. F. M.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Paying for U.S. Indecision

Ma'ariv writes that U.N. and American indecision on Lebanon have paved the way for the Iraqi coup, and we shall now have the U.A.R. on another of our borders. We have only ourselves to rely on, and it is ridiculous to go on arguing about identity cards and Hagana ribbons in such circumstances.

Yedioth Aharonot, pointing out that the U.S.S.R. has been warily but firmly asserting its hold over the Middle East countries one by one, thanks to American hesitancy, states that Jordan will be next and little Israel will remain alone to face the wolf. It seems that Mr. Hammarskjold knew what he was talking about when he referred to the inevitability of Nasser's sway over the entire Middle East.

Herut urges Israel to demand the U.N. Secretary-General's resignation, holding him responsible for all troubles and disturbances in the Middle East.

Kol Ha'am (Communist), on the other hand, states categorically that the Moslem combination is only a front for the Anglo-Saxon powers, not one whit less dangerous than Anglo-American troops in the Lebanon.

Hatsofe concludes from the Supreme Court invalidation of the Tel Aviv by-law giving municipal inspectors the right to confiscate suspect meat that the religious bloc will have to begin anew its campaign for anti-pork legislation, while Al Hamishmar (Mapam) is indignantly critical of the orders outlawing the Hagana Ribbon on army and police uniforms, calling it not education toward national unity, but a retreat before those who broke it during the people's fateful struggle.

Davar (Histadrut) denounces the behaviour of the Israel football team in Tokyo and calls for an athletics house-cleaning in view of the importance of international sports events in our contacts with foreign countries.

New Buildings to Expand Scope of Martyrs' Memorial

By MACABEE KASKIN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

A 35-metre-high monument commemorating the six million Jews who perished in the Nazi Holocaust is to rise this autumn on the outskirts of Jerusalem at Yad Vashem, the Martyrs and Heroes Remembrance Authority.

It will be visible for miles, as far away as Castel. It probably will be the first thing visible in Jerusalem to persons driving to the Capital.

The tower is only part of the building plans for Yad Vashem on Har Hazikaron (Memorial Hill), adjoining Mt. Herzl.

Going up simultaneously with the tower on a six-dunam site will be the Ohel Yizkor, which will have a 27-metre square base.

Other constructions will be a synagogue seating 200; a museum with 1,500 square metres of floor space; an assembly square providing for 3,000 persons sitting and 2,000 standing; and a cemetery for the ashes of the martyrs.

All these buildings will greatly enlarge the scope of Yad Vashem and make it a centre not only for research, as at present, but also for solemn gatherings of those who lost their kin in Europe. Yad Vashem will become, at least for the present generation, a place of pilgrimage and veneration.

The structures, now only being planned, would probably have been partially completed by now had not the Claims Conference cut the Authority's budget temporarily as a result of the Hungarian uprising and the need to divert funds to care for Hungarian Jews.

Special Law

Yad Vashem was officially established on August 19, 1953, when the Knesset, meeting in solemn session, unanimously passed a law establishing an Authority to commemorate not only the memory of the six million dead, but also their culture, the Jewish underground, the stand of the besieged ghetto fighters, the struggle of the masses of Israel on the threshhold of destruction for their dignity and culture, their efforts to reach Israel, the devotion and heroism of their brothers who went forth to rescue and liberate them and the high-minded Gentiles who risked their lives to save Jews.

The law was introduced by Professor Benzion Dinur, then Minister of Education and Culture, and today Chairman of the Yad Vashem Executive.

The idea of a memorial probably dates back to the beginning of the Hitlerian era. But it only took form during World War II when Mr. M. Shenhabi, of Mishmar Ha'emek, presented a plan to the J.N.F. Head Office. The plan was adopted by the first postwar Zionist Congress, held in London in August, 1945.

The actual name "Yad Vashem" comes from Isaiah LVI, 5, and means literally a "monument and a name."

The heart of the Authority took form in 1954, when the Central Archives and Library was finished. This building, which is strictly functional, is a huge centre employing 50 persons who collect documents of historical significance, classify them and use them as a basis for research. The building also contains the archives of the Israel Historical Society.

EXHIBITION OF DESTRUCTION

Yad Vashem recently opened its first permanent exhibition. Its 18 sections and 27 panels trace the Holocaust from the original anti-Jewish propaganda and legislation of the Nazi regime through transfers to ghettos and confiscation of property, forced labour battalions, concentration camps, deportation and extermination, then go on to cultural and religious resistance, the underground press, politics and literature, organized resistance, revolt in the ghettos and camps, partisan activities, assistance from non-Jews and rescue activities. Guides are on hand and a 32-page catalogue, in English and Hebrew, is available. Yad Vashem lies behind Mt. Herzl and is reached by a ten-minute walk around the mountain.

Thousands of Volumes

The number of documents about the holocaust is immense, says Dr. Yosef Melkman, Director-General of Yad Vashem.

The Library already has 21,560 volumes. Lately, several hundred books have been received from the U.S.S.R. They deal mainly with the German invasion and the partisan units in East Europe. The authority has already collected about half of all the books ever published about the Holocaust. About one-third of them have been catalogued.

More than 5,365 rolls of film (20,000,000 separate frames) have been filled with photographs of documents in Germany alone, and another 102 rolls of films have been obtained from the files of the German Foreign Ministry. Other rolls have come from the Verwaltung Ghetto in Lodz, Poland. All the relevant material in the hands of the Centre de Documentation Juive Contemporaine and of the Netherlands State Institute for War Documentation has already been photographed. YIVO has supplied much material. The Authority is now preparing to collect the vast quantities of material submitted at the Nuremberg war crimes trials. It has already acquired more than 40 per cent of it and is now planning to photostat another 200,000 documents.

A unique part of the work consists of collecting oral testimonies from partisans whose elementary rule was that no member possess any identifying papers. A brilliant period of Jewish resistance is beginning to emerge from nearly 12,000 oral testimonies already collected by the Authority, mostly in Germany and Poland and the work is being extended to Hungary, Rumania, Russia, Yugoslavia and Holland. The names of the Jewish partisans, and all those Gentiles who helped Jews at a risk to their own lives, is to be collected and published in special booklets.

It is a tremendous job to sift, sort, tabulate and catalogue all this material but a bibliography of all the books is expected to be published within six months.

The final step of the Authority's work will be the publication of studies based on facts sifted from this vast collection of material. Last year, the Authority published two books in English and Hebrew, as well as three in Hebrew alone. This year four were published in Hebrew and one in English. This compares with three books in all the previous years. More than a dozen books are now shaping up and will be published gradually.

Memorial Pages

The Authority also publishes a quarterly Bulletin in Hebrew and half-yearly ones in English and Yiddish.

Another project is collecting *dapei-ed*, or Memorial Pages. Persons wishing to perpetuate the memory of their fallen relatives granting them posthumous Israel citizenship fill in these Pages. More than a million of them, listing an estimated 1,500,000 different names, have already been received. About one-third have been classified. The issuance of Memorial and Citizenship certificates has been delayed, the Authority states, by budgetary difficulties.

CYPRUS: TRIANGULAR HATE

Makarios to Return to Island Soon

By RAWLE KNOX

CYPRUS (OFNS). — WHAT is "an end to violence" — the condition upon which the British Government will permit Archbishop Makarios to return to Cyprus? The answer is not so simple.

Here violence is endemic: the man with the gun — and there is now an alarming variety of men with guns — commands resigned obedience. Cases of sudden death will recur here whether the Archbishop returns or not, though it is possible to foresee their decline after his homecoming. There are too many old scores to pay off and the paying off inevitably creates new scores.

When the main threat was Eoka the British authorities in Cyprus knew what they were up against. Now the peril is anarchy. Greeks and Turks are killing one another; Greeks are killing Greeks and Turks Turks; British have shot Greeks, and Greeks in revenge British. In one week as I write there have been a dozen reported killings (one tends to suspect that some are unreported) on an island of 500,000 people.

Politically the most serious were the killing of two Greek Cypriots and the injuring of dozens of others when British troops opened fire during a riot at the village of Avgorou on the afternoon of July 5. The incident was sparked off when the troops ordered the removal of an Eoka poster in Avgorou village. The Royal Horse Guards, who were the troops involved, have already had an officer and trooper shot in the streets of Famagusta in revenge.

Open Secret

It is an open secret that Sir Hugh Foot, Cyprus's patient Governor, would like to see Archbishop Makarios back; and that the Archbishop, worried about divisions among his unruly flock, would like to return. London is the difficulty. Among many Britons there is a personal animosity against the Archbishop that makes it hard for the Government, which has already gone back on its demand that he should himself denounce violence, to make any further concession.

In Britain (though not in Kenya) the "generals" of the Mau Mau were figures of fantasy. Far more British soldiers and civilians were killed by the Communist rebels in Malaya than have been killed in Cyprus, without the British taking anything more than a mild interest in Chin Peng. The explanation can only be that Archbishop Makarios is a Christian and that British Christians hate him as a hypocrite.

If only Dr. Fisher, instead of puzzling the British public with a diagnosis of the Anglican split mind about Archbishop Makarios, had explained the nature of the Ethnarchy in Cyprus! For the Ethnarch there is no dividing line between political and ecclesiastical affairs. It took Cromwell to strike the Church from politics in England and the Greek Church has known no Cromwell. Historically for the Church to be involved in political murder has been nothing strange either in England or upon the Continent. In Cyprus, the Ethnarchy has remained throughout Turkish and British occupations the absolute temporal and spiritual leadership of the Greek Cypriots.

To the Greek Cypriots this is war. The Turks provided them with many martyrs in the past and the British are doing so now. This Greek Cypriot viewpoint is understandably hard to stomach for those British families who have lost relatives or friends shot in the back by Eoka gunmen. But that is the only course of war open to Eoka. It is worth remembering, perhaps, that in time of war the British Monarch remains head of the Church as well as C.-in-C. of the armed forces.

Archbishop Makarios's return to the island is absolutely necessary if Sir Hugh Foot is to be able to deal with the Greek Cypriots as a whole, and if indeed they are to remain as a whole. The Turkish Cypriots say themselves that Ankara will speak for them. Not so the Greek Cypriots. Therefore if we want less murder here the British Government must talk to Ankara and Sir Hugh to Archbishop Makarios. If violence continues here on its present scale control will inevitably pass more into the hands of the Army, and that would hardly be a good preface to the new British plan.

The British Army in Cyprus has been criticized. It will be criticized much more so if it pursues its present plans of deciding for itself what newspaper correspondents may or may not see. But many of the critics fail to appreciate the nature of soldiery. The British Army has "kept the peace" in many parts of the world over the years but it has never thought the peace. How could it? The soldier — to be a good one — must be shown the enemy. In Malaya it was the Chinese, in Kenya the Kikuyu, and in Cyprus it has been the Greeks.

Army Puzzled

With the eruption of Turkish violence the Army has halted, puzzled. In the past it depended on the co-operation of the Turkish population. But because enmities are slow to heal the Army still regards as its first enemy the Greeks, just as the Greeks, harassed as they now are by the Turks, still put the main blame on the British authorities.

There is indeed one first-class battalion operating in the east of the island which claims that by constantly harassing and searching villagers of both communities it has got them all so frightened of it that they forget to be frightened of each other; and thus the peace is kept. This is a policy which in present conditions the Army may have to pursue. But it is poor preparation for the great "experiment in partnership."

Ankara is well able to make Turkish Cypriots see reason if London can come to some fair share of reason with Ankara. But the Greek Cypriots will not be pacified without the return of Archbishop Makarios, none of whose most recent pronouncements could be described as inflammatory.

Immediately there are two main requirements. One is that Eoka and other Greek Cypriot organizations should be treated in the same way as T.M.T. — either they should all be proscribed or none — so that we do not have deaths caused by a few words on a poster as we did last weekend. In almost every other British colony Britons have been big enough to accept the appearance of slogans ranging from simple "pig" to the more abstruse "imperialist warmonger."

The second is that a precise period be given after which, provided the Greek Cypriots do not resort to violence in the meanwhile, Archbishop Makarios will be permitted to return. These are practical propositions to enable government to be restored on an island where it now hardly exists.

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